

The Hongkong Telegraph.

WEATHER FORECAST
FAIR
Barometer 29.84

June 24, 1913, Temperature a.m. 76, p.m. 76. Humidity...96, 96.

(ESTABLISHED 1851.)
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June 24, 1912, Temperature a.m. 83, p.m. 85. Humidity...85, 77.

9:30 晚一廿月伍年丑癸

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25, 1913.

三拜禮 號五廿月大英曆西

436 PEE AVE
Subs. Cent. 10 China

TELEGRAMS.

PRESIDENT POINCARE.

A MEMORABLE VISIT.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, Received June 24.
The enthusiasm evoked by President Poincare's visit is reflected in the papers, which heartily reciprocate the sentiment expressed in a Paris newspaper, that "President takes to England France's best smile."

On all hands it is anticipated that the visit will prove memorable in the history of the Entente. Several papers publish special articles, editorials, and messages of welcome in French.

Mr. Rudyard Kipling contributes a poem honouring the occasion. The sentiment of the poem is expressed in the concluding line—"France, beloved of every soul that loves or serves its kind."

A Terrible Mishap.

On President Poincare's arrival at Cherbourg the forts were firing a salute, when a gun accident occurred, killing two gunners and wounding eight, four desperately. The lieutenant in command admitted that the accident was due to carelessness, and he was arrested. The cartridges to be used were placed in a heap, close behind the guns, contrary to regulation, and the friction tube of a gun just fired was blown back and fell on the heap, lighting it. A frightful explosion followed, scattering the gunners. The town is grief stricken, but the accident occurred too late to cancel the festivities, illuminations, and fireworks in the evening.

President Poincare gave 3,000 francs to the families of the victims. He wished to countermand the official dinner on board the battleship Courbet, but it was too late. Dinner was served, but everybody was most depressed.

Arrival in England.

President Poincare has arrived at Spithead aboard the battleship Courbet. Warships fired salutes of twenty-one guns. The President was met by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales and the greetings exchanged were most cordial. Later President Poincare left by train for London, amid the firing of salutes.

On the President's arrival at Victoria Station, London, His Majesty the King stepped forward and grasped his hand, conversing with him for a few moments.

The band struck up the "Marseillaise," and the party then proceeded to St. James' Palace.

The streets were specially decorated and lined with troops, and the vast crowds which assembled shouted "Vive Poincare!" the President bowing his acknowledgments repeatedly.

Mr. Pichon was presented to the King and the French visitors to Mr. Asquith and the Duke of Connaught, in the presence of a brilliant company of members of the Royal Family, Cabinet Ministers, Peers, etc.

The procession comprised six carriages, the first containing the King and President Poincare and the second the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Connaught.

The King's Speech.

At a banquet given at Buckingham Palace, His Majesty the King, in welcoming President Poincare, spoke of the advantageous intercourse for many centuries of the two countries, the result of which had been a steady growth of deep mutual respect and goodwill. Since the amicable agreement of 1904 the two nations had been drawn together by a growing sense of their unity of interest and identity of purpose. The constant aim of both Governments was the cause of peace chiefly, and the common interests of both nations lay in close co-operation for the that blessed purpose.

TELEGRAMS.

PRESIDENT POINCARE.

WORKING FOR PEACE.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, Received June 25.

His Majesty, continuing, emphasised the inestimable advantage of the spirit of mutual confidence and frankness between France and Britain in dealing with the grave problems of the past months, and the satisfaction of reflecting that all the great Powers concerned had consulted together, and worked for peace. He paid a high compliment to the statesmanship and scientific repute of President Poincare and hoped most sincerely that France would have a glorious future and that the relations of the two countries would continue in unimpaired intimacy and vitality.

The President's Reply.

Later
President Poincare replied and expressed thanks for the warm welcome extended him. He alluded to Anglo-French friendship which was, he said, to-day deeply rooted in the popular soul, and also extolled the recent work of France and England in maintaining peace.

In London.
A later message states that President Poincare and M. Pichon, accompanied by His Majesty's escort of Life Guards, drove to Buckingham Palace and visited Their Majesties. They were again given a great ovation.

SUFFRAGIST CONSPIRACY.

FURTHER RELEASES.

London, Received June 25.
Mrs Beatrice H. Saunders, financial secretary of the W.S.P.U., one of the defendants in the Suffragist Conspiracy trial, who was sentenced on the 17th inst. to 15 months' imprisonment, has been released.

Mr. E. G. Clayton, scientific chemist and author, who was sentenced at the same time to 21 months' imprisonment, has also been released for hunger-striking.

TURKISH CONSPIRACY.

PUBLIC EXECUTIONS.

London, Received June 25.
Reuter's correspondent at Constantinople states that twelve of the conspirators in the murder of Shekret Pasha were publicly executed in Bayazid Square. They showed the utmost bravery, and some delivered short addresses.

OBITUARY.

SIR JONATHAN HUTCHINSON.

London, Received June 24.
The death is announced of Sir Jonathan Hutchinson, F.R.S., M.D., LL.D., F.R.S., the noted consulting surgeon, and emeritus Professor of Surgery at the London Hospital College.

KINGS MEET.

London, Received June 25.
The King of Uganda had an audience with King George on Tuesday.

TELEGRAMS.

BALKAN AFFAIRS.

THE SERVIAN CRISIS.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, Received June 24.

Reuter's correspondent at Belgrade says the Cabinet crisis is due to Russia's request for the immediate acceptance of arbitration. The Ministers of War and Justice categorically refused the request, and resigned. It is reported in Sofia that Serbia has yielded to the exhortations of Russia and has accepted arbitration.

Hopes.

London, Received June 25.
The departure of the Czar and family on a yachting tour in the Finnish Skerries is regarded as denoting a lightening of the Eastern situation, which nevertheless, continues to be obscure.

Important Factors.

If M. Pasic is re-appointed Premier of Serbia it will be interpreted as meaning that moderation has triumphed over the war party. It is understood that the attitude of Roumania, which is likely to make heavy demands upon an aggrandised Bulgaria, and which is ready to mobilise at a moment's notice, will be an important factor in moderating the bellicosity of Bulgaria.

The Servian Cabinet.

A later message from Belgrade states that M. Pasic reconstructs the Cabinet without the Ministers of War and Justice. He will go to St. Petersburg shortly.

British Influence.

It is reported that Serbia accepted arbitration at the instance of Britain, who supports the Russian standpoint.

SUEZ CANAL.

THE DRAUGHT INCREASED.

London, Received June 24.
It is announced that from the 1st January, 1914, the maximum draught of water allowed to ships using the Suez Canal will be increased to 29 feet.

INSURANCE ACT.

REMEDYING ITS DEFECTS.

London, Received June 25.
In the House of Commons, Mr. Lloyd George introduced a Bill amending various notable defects in the Insurance Act.

BRITISH S. AFRICA CO.

DR. JAMESON PRESIDENT.

London, Received June 24.
Dr. Jameson has been elected to the Presidency of the British South Africa Company.

HOME CRICKET.

London, Received June 25.
Northamptonshire beat Derbyshire at Blackwell by nine wickets.
Essex drew with Surrey at Leyton.

TELEGRAMS.

GOLF.

OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, Received June 25.

J. H. Taylor won the Open Golf Championship at Hoylake with a score of 304.
Other scores were: Ray, 312; H. Vardon and Morin, 313; Renouf and McDermott, the American champion, 315.
Taylor's victory was most popular.

AVIATOR DROWNED.

London, Received June 24.
The airman, Mr. Fairbairns, fell into the Thames off the Nore and was drowned.

THE SOTTO CASE.

Interesting Evidence this Afternoon.

The hearing of the Sotto case was resumed by Mr. Hazeland at the Police Court this afternoon.

Mr. Thomas Cary Welch, the Assistant Executive Secretary of the Philippine Islands, was in the witness box.

Mr. Bruton:—Can a Filipino be naturalised in the Philippine Islands as an American citizen?—He cannot. We have no subjects. The naturalisation laws do not apply in the Philippines?—No, there is no machinery for applying the Federal naturalisation laws in the Philippines.

Now I think you were instrumental in causing the suspension of certain municipal councillors of Cebu in 1908?—I was.

In February 1908 was F. V. Arias the acting President of the Municipal Council?—I cannot say, I don't remember the names. Is the seal on exhibit 4 the municipal seal of Cebu?—I think it is.

Was the President of the Cebu Council at the time of that resolution being passed referred to in that letter suspended for all time from holding office?—He would not be suspended for any specified time, but only pending further action.

And the suspension was by order and authority of the Governor General?—Either by his order or authority.

And then there was a petition to the Governor General for the reinstatement of the Councillors?—My recollection is not distinct. I think they begged off and, on promising to be good, Governor Smith re-instated them (laughter).

That did not include the President, did it?—I do not remember.

Does the Philippine Government subscribe for and take in the "Philippine Republic"?—The Philippine Government is a Government which contains five executive departments, about twenty-three bureaux, and a good many hundred different offices and I am unable to say if the "Philippine Republic" is subscribed for by any of these or not.

Does the Government of the Philippine Islands move to Baguio every year?—The Executive Departments and those bureaux the nature of whose business permits, remove to Baguio to such an extent as is practicable. My own bureaux goes every year; practically all of them.
Do you know R. D. Ferguson, the chief of the Translation Division of the Executive Bureau?—I do.

Is that his signature on that letter?—It is.

The letter was to the manager of the "Philippine Republic" to send the paper to Baguio instead of the head office.
The case was proceeding as we went to press.

TELEGRAMS.

GAGGING THE HOUSE.

RUSHING BILLS THROUGH.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, Received June 24.

The House of Commons has debated Mr. Asquith's proposal making the Committee Stage of the Home Rule, Welsh Disestablishment and Scottish Temperance Bills formal, in view of the application of the Parliament Act thereto, without allowing amendments to be moved; and Mr. Austen Chamberlain's amendment expressing the opinion that the suppression of the right of the House to amend Bills vitally affecting the Constitution was a gross infringement of prerogatives and liberties.

Mr. Chamberlain's amendment was defeated, and Mr. Asquith's motion was adopted by 294 votes to 202.

MOTOR ACCIDENT.

"Couldn't Hear Horn Through being behind Car."

On the 3th inst. an old woman aged 68 years was knocked down by motor car No. 32 in Connaught Road, near Sincere and Company, and had to be removed to the hospital where she was detained until this morning.

At the Police Court, this morning, Wong Tsai, the chauffeur, employed by the Exile Garage, was charged before Mr. Molbourne with failing to give audible and sufficient warning of the approach of his car and further with wanton and furious and wilful neglect and causing bodily harm to Fung Sze.

The woman said she was walking eastward at 3.30 p.m. on the date in question just by Sincere's, in Connaught Road. She had her grandson along with her. She was about five feet from the side channel on the right hand side of the road. The defendant's car knocked her down and then defendant sounded his horn. She did not hear any horn sounded before being knocked down. The car struck her on the left side of her hip. The car was on her left and the right front part of the car struck her. She knew that some one had rendered her assistance but she was unconscious at the time. She was taken to the Government Civil Hospital, but she could not say whether she was conveyed by ambulance or by car. She could not recognise the defendant as she was stunned. Her grandson was on her left but he was not hit.

His Worship asked how that could be.

Witness:—He was not walking close to me; he was some distance away on the Praya wall.

By Mr. Gardiner, who defended: She was walking along the road, not crossing the road. There was a wide path alongside the road which was for pedestrians but she was walking along the road because she did not know the accident was going to happen (laughter). She did think it advisable to walk on the path now, and she would not walk on the road again. The car was going very fast. The bruise on her hip had gone away. There was a bruise on her knee. It was not a fact that when the horn blew she commenced to run and fell, causing the damage to her knee and the car did not strike her. The car did strike her and very hard. The horn was not sounded four times.

By His Worship:—She was discharged from the hospital this morning and she felt all right now. She split flax for a living and earned three cents a day. Her grandson assisted her. She lived with him.

TELEGRAMS.

A BOXER'S DEATH.

MANSLAUGHTER TRIAL.

Reuter's
(Service to the "Telegraph.")
London, Received June 24.

Reuter's correspondent at Calgary says the boxer Arthur Pelkey has been found not guilty on a charge of manslaughter by killing his opponent, the boxer Luther McCarthy, who was described as the "American white hope" as the result of a knock-out blow in a match at Calgary in May 19st.

The grandson said he was about four paces behind the complainant. He did not see the motor car until after it had knocked down the complainant. He did not hear any sound before the accident happened. If any horn had been sounded he would have certainly heard it. The car was pulled up immediately after the accident occurred. There were two Chinese women in the car. Defendant came down from the car, removed the complainant to the side of the road and then drove away. He did not hear defendant offer to take the complainant to the hospital. Witness telephoned from Sincere's to the central Police Station. The number of the car was 32.

By Mr. Gardiner: He was four paces behind and four paces to the side nearer the water, of the complainant. The car passed on his right. He called out after his grandmother was knocked down. He could not see where the car struck the complainant, as he was then behind the car. The horn was never blown either before or after the accident. "How could I hear it? I was behind the car" (laughter). A coolie helped the defendant to carry the complainant to the side of the road. There was not a man in the car.

Another witness said the car struck the woman in the back.

Mr. Gardiner said the defendant sounded the horn four times and the woman in running away fell and injured her knee. The car did not touch her.

Defendant, on oath, bore out the solicitor's statement.

After Mr. Gardiner had addressed the Bench, defendant was fined \$5 on the first charge and discharged on the second charge.

Inspector Macdonald prosecuted.

BRIDE'S SHAVEN CROWN.

Aman named Bours has been arrested in Venice, California, on a charge of shaving his wife's head. This he did in a fit of jealous rage in order to make her unattractive to other men.

The lady is a bride of seventeen, and a sense of humiliation kept her at home till she mustered courage to go in mufti to the Police Court, where she preferred a charge of assault against her spouse. Bours, who was much her senior, overpowered her, clipped her tresses close, and then ruthlessly applied the razor till her head "looked like a billiard ball."

After the outraged bride was assured that her husband would be incarcerated, she headed for a milliner's shop, where she selected a picture hat, which completely hid her shorn head and partially restored the attractions of the lost locks.

A Daylight Theft.

About half-past four yesterday afternoon whilst business was in full swing at Messrs. Senat Freres, jewellers, two brass rails for protecting the windows were removed and carried away without the thieves being noticed. The rails were very easily detached, being held only by a small piece of wood at each end.

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

TELEGRAMS.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

J. H. Taylor has won the Open Golf Championship.

Sir Jonathan Hutchinson, the noted consulting surgeon, is dead.

Twelve conspirators have been publicly executed in Constantinople.

The aviator, Mr. Fairbairns, has fallen in the Thames and been drowned.

Mr. Lloyd George has introduced a Bill amending the Insurance Act.

Two more of the suffragists sentenced for conspiracy have been released.

Advices from the North show that the Mongolian situation is becoming worse.

Dr. Jameson has been elected President of the British South Africa Company.

It is reported that Serbia has accepted the arbitration of Russia, at the instance of Britain.

President Poincare has arrived in London and has been given a most enthusiastic popular welcome.

From January 1 next, the maximum draught of water allowed to ships using the Suez Canal will be increased to 29 feet.

During the firing of a salute in honour of President Poincare at Cherbourg, two gunners were killed and eight injured by a gun accident.

LOCAL.

Malini, the wonder-worker, has arrived in the Colony.

The Bandmann Opera Company is due in Hongkong on July 4.

The bank note impression case was continued at the Criminal Sessions to-day.

The death is announced of Mr. H. J. W. Gidley, formerly of Hongkong, at Vancouver.

The further billiard games in the final at the Soldiers' Club are dealt with in to-day's issue.

The tenants of two houses in Sai Street, close by those which collapsed recently, have been turned out on the ground that buildings are unsafe.

Resigned.

The Raja Muda of Sarawak (Lieutenant C. V. de W. Brooke) is resigning his commission in the Sharpshooters Yeomanry.

DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.

Byesak's Circus, 9.15 p.m.
Victoria Theatre, 9.15 p.m.
Bijou Scenic Theatre, 9.15 p.m.
Billard Finals, Soldier's Club.

TO-MORROW.

Victoria Theatre 9.15 p.m.
Byesak's Circus 9.15 p.m.
Bijou Scenic Theatre, 9.15 p.m.
Legislative Council 2.30 p.m.
Monday July 30.
Opening of Chinese Y.M.C.A. Hostel 5.45 p.m.

LAW LIST.

In Summary Jurisdiction.
Thursday.—Chan Ping Nam v. Lai Tin Shan and the Lat Pak Yuen shop.—10 a.m.

Notices

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Hongkong, 20th April, 1911.

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Hongkong, 1st Aug., 1912. [25]

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trains and steamers. Luggage and
meals for without any trouble to
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Hongkong, 1st Feb., 1913. [18]

MEE CHEUNG.
ART PHOTOGRAPHER
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TELEPHONE NO. 1018.
Developing, Printing & Enlarging
Hongkong, 1st May, 1911.

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disfiguring and annoying dividing line has
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no thin segments to lose off.
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WE LEAD, OTHERS FOLLOW.
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OUR CONTEMPORARIES.

South China Morning Post.
We John Sun.
One feature of Wu's escapade
strikes us as lacking in consis-
tency. He is strongly opposed
President Yuan Shih-kai's sanc-
tioning of the Big Loan without
reference to Parliament, yet he
himself authorised on the eve of
giving up office, the payment of
over a million dollars, from a
sadly depleted treasury without
any reference to his own provin-
cial assembly. After this he, at
least, must for ever hold his peace.
Dr. Sun declared to an inter-
viewer that his handman will go
to Tibet as pacifying commis-
sioner, but we doubt it very
much. It is only natural, of
course that Dr. Sun should stick
up for his friend but his word
against that of the mass of the
Canton does not count for very
much and carries less weight
nowadays than ever it did.

Daily Press.

Japan and China.

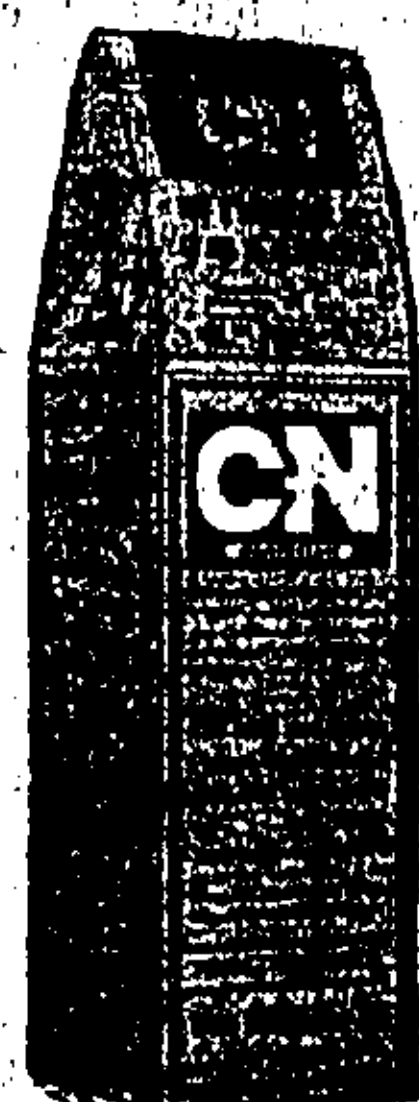
The Foreign Office at Tokyo
recently issued a very lengthy
statement regarding its attitude
towards China by way of con-
trasting suggestions in a section
of the Press that the Government
has been taking the side of the
North in Chinese politics. While
the Government of Japan, the
statement says, has had to deal
with the existing Government in
China, notwithstanding the fact
that the Republican Government
has not yet been officially re-
cognised, it is "absolutely
false to say that the
Japanese Government is assist-
ing one party in China against
the other." The Imperial Govern-
ment of Japan, the statement pro-
ceeds to say, maintains an attitude
of strict neutrality and shares
with all outsiders the desire to
prevent a further disturbance of
peace. Japan's policy in regard
to the Quintuple Loan is explain-
ed at considerable length, and
the point is emphasised that
the proceeds of the Loan are
not to be used for political war-
fare and that the foreign
nations interested in the loan
have no intention of making it
an excuse for meddling in Chinese
politics. The policy of the five
Powers in the preservation of the
independence of China, and the
preservation of the peace of East
Asia, and the Government of
Japan, alike in the interests of
Empire of China, "absolutely
refuses to follow the advice of
those who want the Government
to plunge into the vortex of
Chinese politics and assist one
party against the other."

China Mail.

The Bengal Conspiracy.

As will be remembered,
Reuter's agency recently tele-
graphed brief particulars of a
conspiracy among certain Bengalis
against British rule in India.
No fewer than thirty persons were
arrested, and of these, it appears,
that several are persons of higher
repute than the notorious bad
characters and misguided youths
who so frequently figure in Indian
sedition trials. It is interesting
to read of the probable origin of
of the ferment that developed
into the conspiracy that has
happily been detected and
crushed. According to an
article in the "Standard" on
the subject, a few months
ago, the Indian law relating to
conspiracy, in spite of protests
from some of the native members
of the Legislative Council, was
strengthened by an amendment
of the Criminal Code. A number
of evading justice which has not
infrequently proved effective is no
longer available. It would ob-
viously be improper, of course, to
assume that the present trial will
end in the conviction of all or any
of the accused, but it is satisfac-
tory to know that there is less
chance of the guilty escaping
than there would have been a
year ago.

Germ's of tuberculosis, typhoid, measles and other infectious diseases are killed by



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with a special pump to draw the beer with conveniently. The Beer
is kept in cold storage and in the specially constructed wooden kegs
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GENERAL NEWS.

Sequel to Shanghai Fire.

The manager of a silk store in Ningpo Road Shanghai and three of his employees have been arrested and charged with incendiarism in connection with a fire which occurred on June 17. The official report of the blaze says that "the cause of the fire, without doubt, was incendiarism." The contents of the buildings were insured in the sum of Tls. 27,000, while the amount of damage actually done is uncertain although it is estimated at Tls. 5,000. The property endangered by the fire is of the value of Tls. 100,000. The Court intimated a desire to view the premises, and this was to be done within a day or two. Det. Sub Insp. Fitzibbon is still working on the case, and according to the Shanghai Press, it is not improbable that further arrests will be made.

Racing in Mindanao.

A meeting was held in the rooms of the Zumbanga Chamber of Commerce recently, for the purpose of organizing a racing association. All those interested in good horses and the "sport of kings" were urged to be present and assist in the organization. If the association materializes (says the "Mindanao Herald") the trustees are authorized to permit the construction of a race track around the polo field at Calarian. It is an ideal location and will make the best track in the islands. There are many good horses in and around Zamboanga, and a racing association will stimulate an interest in the breeding of better stock.

Alleged "White Slaver's" Death.

The "San Francisco Examiner" of May 11, contains an account of the death of William H. Thompson, who was tried before the United States Court for China last summer on charges of "white slavery." Thompson was alleged to be a member of a group of three men who were engaged in the illicit business, but he escaped conviction owing to the fact that the only evidence against him was that of officers on a trans-Pacific steamer, which however, on the day of the trial arrived late. He was therefore acquitted. It appears that Thompson died at the Central Emergency hospital in San Francisco of a wound he received at the hands of Policeman Byron C. Wood whom he had shot and who also died. Thompson lingered a week after receiving a shot in the abdomen.

Portable Lamp-Posts.

By means of a new portable acetylene lamp post, parks, squares, or other open places may be vividly illuminated for special occasions, such as band concerts and the like, the time taken for the erection or removal of the posts being negligible. All that is necessary, says the "Popular Mechanics Magazine," is to force the pointed base of the pole into the ground, place a pail of water beside it, drop the acetylene box in the water and make the required hose connection between the box and the piping in the post.

Another F.R.C.I.

Mr. Stamford O. Bell (of the Federated Malay States) has been elected a Fellow of the Royal Colonial Institute.

Fire at Singapore Rubber Factory.

The fire which broke out during last week at the rubber drying and curing factory, of Messrs. Jaeger & Co. in Mohamed Sultan Road, Singapore, resulted in damage which has been estimated at \$18,000. The flames obtained a good footing before an alarm was raised and by the time Superintendent Wilson arrived with three engines the place was well alight. It was quickly realized that there was little or no hope of saving the premises and so efforts were made to prevent the fire spreading to adjoining buildings in which large quantities of matches were stored. The brigade were occupied for about two hours in subduing the flames; and even after returning to quarters they had to attend again as the refuse which was smouldering broke into flames again. The inner portion of the premises were gutted and a large quantity of sheet rubber destroyed. It is understood that the damage was covered by insurance. "Strait Times."

THE DYSENTERY EPIDEMIC.

What to do if Attacked.

Of the intestinal disorders of China, none are graver than dysentery, which is always so prevalent during this time of the year. No one needs reminding of the symptoms—the intense pain and difficulty with which the bowels act, and the passage of a considerable quantity of blood and mucus. It is essential that any diarrhoea should be promptly treated by a doctor to prevent the disorder from becoming chronic or ending fatally, as it so frequently does in a week or ten days. The practical side of the treatment is eminently one of nutrition. What is needed, therefore, is a food which is easily assimilated, is entirely absorbed from the stomach, and leaves no waste to irritate the large intestine where the ulcers which cause dysentery are situated. Of all the food preparations which have been used for dysentery, none have had the success of Sanatogen, of which "The British Medical Journal" has written, "Sanatogen is the best of artificial foods, easily retained and easily assimilated."

A Marvellous Case.

Nothing more striking, in the treatment of dysentery, has ever been seen than the following statement about Sanatogen written by a doctor in India. "A woman, aged forty-five, had been suffering from dysentery for about three months when I first saw her. For five days before I saw her, she was unable to take any kind of food, and she was so enfeebled that all her relations had lost all hope of her recovery. She had about forty-five to fifty stools in twenty-four hours. She at once vomited any food, solid or liquid, even pure water being often rejected by the stomach. Seeing how emaciated and enfeebled she was, I stopped all the medicines which had been prescribed and at once started Sanatogen. For the first two days it was twice vomited, but after that it agreed with her, and her condition soon began to improve. After about a month of the Sanatogen treatment, she easily took food—milk, rice, congee and other light articles of diet, and she had only two or three motions daily. After she was able to walk, she left off my treatment and, therefore, the Sanatogen. In about fifteen days, however, I was again called, because her condition was bad, owing to carelessness in diet and medicine. Again Sanatogen was prescribed, and again she improved rapidly, and in about twenty-five days she was as healthy as she had ever been before Sanatogen restored her vigour and energy, gave her a healthy appetite and appearance and arrested the disease, while it cured the disordered assimilation which is the invariable result of dysentery."

How a Bishop was Cured.

The Rt. Rev. the Bishop of Irian and Vicar Apostolic of Eastern Borneo actually attributes the cure of his dysentery to Sanatogen, although the power to do this has never been claimed for it. The Bishop writes: "Sanatogen has cured me of an obstinate dysentery from which I suffered for a long time, having found all drugs powerless against it. This, perhaps, because I

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cannot stick to a milk diet, which I abhor. Sanatogen has cured me even without using milk." While Sanatogen can be obtained of all Chemists, those who desire to know more about it should write for a copy of a most interesting Booklet, "The Art of Living," by that distinguished medical writer, Dr. Andrew Wilson. It will be sent, free, to all mentioning this paper on application to A. Wulfsberg & Co., 6, Kiang Road, Shanghai.

New Stamps for Dutch Indies. A new set of postage stamps of the Dutch Indies is in course of preparation. On the plates the portrait of the Queen is placed between two palm-trees; on the impressed stamps Her Majesty is looking towards a merchantman at sea; on the stamps of high value the settings are changed, appearing now on a white background as in the stamps of Holland.

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TO LET—(from 1st July 1913) No. 2 Mountain View, The Peak. Apply LINSTED & DAVIS, Hongkong, 9th June, 1913. [345]

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FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—No. 199 Wancha Road, on Inland Lots No. 742 & 743.

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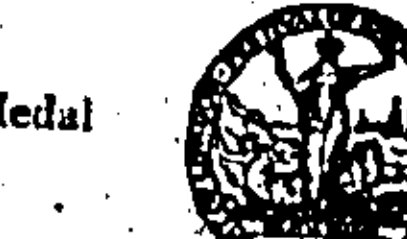
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By Order, "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25, 1913.

THE ANTI-CONFUCIAN SPIRIT.

We hear that the Commissioner of Education for the Kwangtung Province has issued a circular outlining the conditions under which schools will be registered under the Bureau of Education. In order to comply with the rules, eight conditions must be fulfilled. Seven of these appear to have been drawn up from existing Western codes, but the eighth calls for some special mention, for it says: "As it is against the School Law, no school may give instruction in the Confucian classics." Such a regulation is interesting inasmuch as it seems to express something of the spirit of anti-Confucianism that has been spreading very steadily among most of the westernised Chinese since some time before the Revolution.

That this readiness to abolish what for so many centuries has furnished China with her literature, her philosophy and her divinity, is regrettable, there can be no doubt in the minds of people who trouble to give the matter a second thought. From figures recently published, it is painfully evident that, so far, Christianity in China is almost as far off as ever from gaining any real grip of the people as a whole. Half a million Protestants and a million or so Catholics is—at the very outside—all that Christianity has to show for its labours in China, and of that number an uncomfortably large percentage are—as honest missionaries ruefully admit—"rice Christians." Other Chinese, who have not continued to cling to the faith of their fathers, have simply abandoned religion entirely. Five minutes' talk with one of these last will lay bare the fact that the nearest thing young China apparently intends going towards accepting Christianity is to speak of it with the same patronising indulgence that one would expect from clever youths at home who are beginning to feel their feet a little. But time is going to show young China that it is not an easy matter to eliminate religion from a country's affairs. If the Chinese, of their free will, choose to abandon their own religion and become Christians, we as members of a Christian country are bound to welcome the change; but, if not, most of us would surely prefer to see them retain their Confucian doctrines, since it is a generally accepted belief among Englishmen that the absence of religion must bring disaster to a nation.

And it is cruel to rob the adult of his faith, it is a thousand times more cruel to rob the child of it. The Kwangtung school regulations forbid the Confucian classics, even though, as an optional subject, pupils may take up the English Bible! There seems but very little to recommend this idea, for the value of the Bible, even in an English school, is a literary rather than doctrinal; for what nine-tenths of us know about religion, between babyhood and well-nigh early manhood, we learned by word of mouth rather than from bible-reading. If Chinese boys are simply going to have a religious text-book placed in their hands because of its educative and refining influence, surely their own classics are better for that purpose than ours. The tone of thought of the Old Testament (and, to some extent, of the New) may be Eastern, but it is an Easternism that no more appeals naturally to the Mongol mind than the plays of Shakespeare or the philosophy of Kant would. The cobbler had far better stick to his last. If the Chinese imbibe and set up to all that is good in Confucius, they will not go far wrong morally. Meanwhile we should like to know at whose dictation the Commissioner of Education has banned the time-honoured classics. Has he been listening too much to would-be godless young China, or have the enterprising agents of the Bible Society been influencing him? In either case, someone would have been better advised to let well alone.

A Paying Patriotism.

It is quite obvious from recent advices that the situation in Canton is not altogether easy and composed, and if we are to believe all that the local Chinese press says, the new Governor will have to face some difficult problems, especially of the financial order, in the days ahead. Considerable opposition, it would appear, has been manifested against the step taken by the late Governor to repay the loans advanced by Chinese abroad, but if the facts are as stated by Dr. Sun Yat-sen in his interview with one of our representatives yesterday, the whole thing seems quite without justification. So far as repayment of the loans are concerned, Dr. Sun says the Hongkong merchants who made advances to the Canton Government got no less than 50 per cent on their money. If this is so, it takes much of the gloss off their "patriotism," which was so loudly trumpeted abroad at the time the Colony was being canvassed for "patriotic contributions."

A Tramcar Incident.

We have, before now, commented on the shockingly bad manners of some of Hongkong's young men. To be fair to the majority of them, they are quite as well-behaved as the young men of any British city. But here and there a one is by way of being an educated hooligan—a cad for whom there is little hope of redemption. Only the other night we saw several of this type of young man on a car bound for the circus. When the conductor came round they tackled him as to whether the car went to the circus, and on being informed that it did, they used some painfully free language on the ground that this should have been indicated on the car. As a fact, its destination was Quarry Point, so that there protest was groundless. It was made simply in order that they might have an opportunity of bullying the conductor. That there were ladies on the car mattered nothing to the set in question, but we hope that, if their eyes, and the eyes of others like unto them, light on this protest, they will take a thought on the matter and try to grasp the fact that other men's wives and sisters should have as much consideration shown for them as they would ask for their own.

Sarawak and Opium.

The High Commissioner of the Straits Settlements has been defended by Mr. Harcourt ever his action in limiting the export of opium into Sarawak; Mr. Harcourt explaining that this was done in order to prevent the smuggling of the commodity into Brunei. Those who know the position of these territories will agree that Sir Arthur Young had no alternative. Brunei is sandwiched between Sarawak and British North Borneo and, though many hundreds of miles away from Singapore, comes under the Straits Government, while Borneo is the property of a Chartered Company and Sarawak that of a private individual. Brunei's length of coastline is under a hundred miles, and the population is about ten thousand. Thus it is difficult to understand why the Raja of Sarawak has not been asked to administer Brunei and so save countless risks of minor squabbles.

Trial Marriages.

A judge of the New York Supreme Court said, the other day, that "the present law in New York State permits a girl who marries under the age of eighteen, with the consent of her parents, and leaves her husband before she attains that age, to obtain a decree of annulment," adding that the law thus provided for "trial marriages." Then all we can say is that the sooner that State alters its law, the better it will be for the morality of the country. America's best men are well persuaded that she has already "played with marriage" long enough, and have shown themselves in agreement with the British idea that to tamper with a country's marriage laws is to imperil her greatness. "Trial marriage" is but a high-sounding term for legalised debauchery, and we can only hope that the State of New York will include this frightful abuse in the list of evils which it is minded to suppress.

DAY BY DAY.

"Justice is the virtue of the ruler, its foundation and fidelity of the subjects."—Schiller.

The Mails.
English Mail of May 24.—Delivered in London on June 24
Siberian Mail.—Arrived per s.s. Chenan this afternoon.

German Mail.—Arrived per s.s. P.E. Friedrich this morning.
American Mail.—Arrived per s.s. Korea this morning.

American Mail.—Despatched per s.s. Panama Maru at 2 p.m. to-day.

Siberian Mail.—Closes per s.s. P.E. Friedrich at 9 a.m. to-morrow.

Canadian and Siberian Mails.—Due per s.s. Empress of Japan to-morrow.

Land Slips.
The police report that several land slips have taken place on the Peak Road.

Mr. Gande Arrives.
Mr. J. W. Gande, of Messrs. Gande, Price and Company, is staying at the Hongkong Hotel.

Back from Leave.

Mr. Roy Smith, advance agent of the Bandmann Opera Company, is due in Hongkong on July 3. He comes from London where he has been on leave.

Gamblers.
A man was fined \$10 or, in default one month, by Mr. Hazland at the Police Court this morning, for keeping a bismest at West Point for gambling. A number of men found gambling there were fined \$2 each or, in default seven days.

Boatman Fined.

The morning at the Marine Court, before Commander Basil Taylor R.N., Lance-Sergeant T. Glendinning charged Kong Sui, a boatman, with unlawfully making fast his craft to the s.s. Sai Fung while under way in the harbour. Defendant was fined \$5.

The Clock Tower.

The demolition of the Clock Tower progresses slowly though steadily, and very soon our old friend will have disappeared. It is strange that nine-tenths of us still, from force of non-watch-carrying habit, cast a glance aloft in passing what was once accepted as the regulator of local time.

Legislative Council.

A meeting of the Legislative Council is called for to-morrow. The orders for the day comprise the first reading of a Bill entitled an Ordinance to amend the Official Signatures Fees Ordinance, 1883. The third reading of the supplementary Appropriation Bill (\$20,809.57) to defray the charges of the year 1912 will be taken and Council will take the committee stages of foreign coins and foreign notes prohibition bills.

MALINI ARRIVES.

Malini, the wonder-worker, has arrived in the Colony. Malini is without question, the world's most popular magician. The list of personages both in Europe and America, before whom Malini has appeared in private entertainments, reads like a social register. No entertainer, outside of possibly a few grand opera stars, can boast of such a record as Malini's. He appeared at a command performance before the late King Edward in London, and since that time Malini has been a favourite entertainer to the London smart set. Accompanied by his wife and child and his business manager, Malini arrived here on the Persia from Manila. He is making a leisurely tour of the world. Since leaving San Francisco, Malini has appeared before the late Queen of the Hawaiian Islands, the Peers Club at Tokyo, and private clubs in many of the big cities of Japan and at Manila. This is his first trip to the Orient and following visits to the principal Chinese cities he will sail for Australia.

Malini differs greatly from the average magician. He refuses to appear in theatres and much prefers small, private entertainments where all can keep a close watch on his tricks. Malini does not carry an ounce of apparatus, performing all his marvellous tricks with articles borrowed from his audience. It is to be hoped that a public performance will be given before he leaves Hongkong next week.

OVER-CROWDING IN CHINESE HOUSES.

Who is responsible?

[See our Article.]

The "Telegraph" of June 17 made the statement that, in the two houses in Station Street which collapsed on the previous Saturday, no less than a hundred and sixty-five persons were living; the result of course, being that every stranger or comparative new-comer was going about asking: "But does the Law allow this? Is there no Sanitary Authority here?"

Certainly there is a Sanitary Authority here, and it may be said with equal certainty that the Ordinances of the Colony have long ago provided against such horrors as the crowding together of this number of persons under two roofs. Here is the rule: "When there are no cubicles in a room, the space required for each person is regulated as follows—He must have at least thirty square feet of floor space and three hundred and thirty cubic feet of air space. But when a room contains one or more cubicles, each person occupying the room must have at least fifty square feet of floor space and five hundred and fifty cubic feet of air space."

Some Figures.

The above is perfectly clear, and having regard to the fact that the people in the houses have become, through centuries of use on the part of their ancestors, inured to short commons as concerns fresh air, the amount of space allowed is not ungenerous. But, how do the figures compare with the dimensions of the rooms, and the number of persons occupying them, in the houses under consideration? From measurements obtained from Government sources it is found that the frontage of each of the two houses was but 16 feet. No. 9 was 42 feet from back to front and 42 feet high, while No. 7 was 55 feet through and 44 feet high, and each house contained three floors; the rest is a mere matter of simple arithmetic. According to the regulations, 165 people in rooms where there are cubicles (as there were in this case) should have 8,250 square feet of floor space; yet the foregoing figures show that these unfortunate had little more than half that amount; the average space per floor of No. 7 being 880 square feet, that of No. 9, 672 feet, and the total for the two houses (three floors to each) amounting to 4,656 square feet. Official figures further show that each floor averaged five families, and that the lowest number of individuals inhabiting one floor was twenty-two.

The Power of the Law.

No one wishes to saddle the Government with more than its due share of responsibility, and no one imagines that the Police or the Sanitary Board can mount guard nightly over every tenement-house in the Colony to prevent the entrance of more than a lawful number of persons. Equally, however, if the Sanitary Board can influence the Governor-in-Council to pass such an Ordinance as that above alluded to, it is a fair assumption that it has the power to carry it out in at least the majority of cases. The Chinese of the class living at Taipingshan have proved, often enough, that they are still unable to take proper care of themselves where rational obedience to the main principles of hygiene is concerned. Then, until they have learned to protect themselves and the community from needless exposure to disease, is it not the Government's duty to exercise a kind of parental authority over them—not merely in words, theories and by-laws, but in actual practice?

Immediate Responsibility.

One does not wish to touch on questions which are likely to arise at the forthcoming inquest, but it is at least permissible to remark that there seems to have been some difficulty in finding out who was immediately responsible for allowing so large a number of people to live in the two houses. Seeing that the floor area was 4,656 square feet, the highest number of tenants that, according to law, should have occupied the premises was 93, which is a long way from 165.

In the poor districts of some of the large towns at Home, the local authority obliges landlords to fix a tablet outside the houses owned by them, stating how many persons may lawfully live there. If the number is exceeded, even by one, the landlord is prosecuted for overcrowding. Admittedly, where sub-letting obtains to the extent that it does in Hongkong, it is less easy to fix on the culprit at short notice; but that is a matter for the Government to see to; it should at least know who the man is to whom the collector pays over the rent. It should be no more trouble for the Sanitary Board to find out—within at least reasonable limits—how many people live in a house than it is for it to discover the number of rat-holes there.

It has been commonly said that, not long before the disaster, the occupants of the two houses were warned to stop up some rat-holes. Might one ask, then, how the Sanitary Department could know of the existence of these, and yet remain ignorant of the overcrowding? To stop such holes, to pull down ceilings, and to slay and examine all available rats, may be very praiseworthy precautions against plague; but when human beings are herded together, with but 23 square feet of floor-space to each, as in this case, these precautions seem rather like beginning at the wrong end.

DEATH OF MR. J.W. GIDLEY.

Buried with Military Honours in Vancouver.

Regret will be felt, especially amongst the sporting section of the Colony, at the news that the death took place recently at Vancouver of Mr. Hubert J.W. Gidley. As many of our readers know, Mr. Gidley was formerly a member of the Sanitary Department in Hongkong which he left some six years ago.

The late Mr. Gidley, who was only thirty-six years of age, was a first class Sanitary Inspector here, was a keen and well-known sportsman, and left behind him many friends who will hear of his early death with deep regret. His mother and his two sisters—Mrs. Jacobs and Mrs. Richards—are still resident in the Colony.

After leaving Hongkong Mr. Gidley took up the post of secretary of the civic health department in Vancouver. Death ensued recently upon only three days' illness. Deceased, who was a volunteer, was buried with full military honours. The remains were borne to their last resting-place by his comrades-in-arms of the Sixth Regiment of which he had been a member.

The "Vancouver World," in its account of the funeral, says: "All the military units in Vancouver were represented, and with the military band and many personal friends formed a procession several blocks long. At the cemetery a squad of A Company, Sixth Regiment, performed the last offices by firing a volley over the grave, the 'Last Post' being sounded by the company's trumpeter."

The same paper, speaking of the cortege, states that the firing party, with arms reversed, marched first. Next came the muffled drums and the trumpeters, with the hearse draped in grey. The chief mourners and close relatives of the deceased were followed by the military contingent, the band playing the Dead March in "Saul." It also remarks that the general impressiveness of the occasion was added to by the fact that a squad of police, stationed along the route, to keep clear the line of march, came to the salute as the deceased was carried past.

Robe of Gold for King of Greece.

News has reached Athens that the monks of Mount Athos are considering the question of sending to Athens the Imperial robe and crown which belonged to the Byzantine Emperors John Tzimiskis and Nikephoros Phocas, to be used at the coronation of King Constantine. These historical relics are kept at the great monastery of Lavra. The robe is made of beaten gold, and weighs 50 lbs. The crown is enriched with precious stones. This robe will probably become the crown of Greece.

DANGEROUS BUILDINGS.

Tenants turned out of two more Taipingshan Houses.

Yesterday, we are informed, the inhabitants of Nos. 44 and 46 Sai Street—two houses in the immediate neighbourhood of those which collapsed at Taipingshan on June 14—found that the buildings were unsafe and likely to fall. They gave notice to the police and Detective Sergt. Murphy was sent to make enquiries. He found an almost perpendicular split in the partition wall, and at once decided that the situation was probably one of extreme danger.

Without allowing the occupants to stay to remove their property, he ordered them, all out of the building and communicated with the Public Works Department.

The P. W. D. officials, we understand, on inspecting the premises, confirmed Sergeant Murphy's fears, declaring the buildings unsafe. Shoring up is now in progress but until it is complete the tenants will not be allowed inside to remove their furniture.

The police report that the shroff at 44 Sai Street informed them yesterday that there was a crack in the party wall between Nos. 44 and 46. The P. W. D. authorities attended and shored up the premises. The occupants had been previously removed until the shoring had been completed. The houses are close by those which collapsed recently.

NEARLY AN ACCIDENT.

Tampering with the Points on the Peak Railway.

The police report that Mr. Byers, Traffic Manager of the Peak Tramway, has reported to them that, during the temporary absence of the signalman, some one interfered with the points on the tram line, causing an up-car to take the wrong line as it was ascending about nine o'clock yesterday morning. The conductor's prompt action in applying the brake and stopping the car averted what must have been a nasty accident.

The police are inquiring into the matter.

BANDMANN OPERA COMPANY.

The Bandmann Opera Company are due to arrive in Hongkong by the Devanha on Friday week, and are to open at the Theatre Royal the same evening. The company comes with a fine list of musical comedies for presentation, including such old and tried favourites as "Autumn Manceuvres" which was such a huge success on the last visit; "The Count of Luxembourg," "Gipsy Love," and the "Geisha." The season is one of ten nights, and every play seems sure to prove a winner. The revival of the "Geisha" should be a notable event. The scenery, we learn, has come straight from Japan. This last fact should add not a little of piquancy to the production. Altogether the company seems assured of a successful season.

TOO MANY DUTIES.

Bar Manager who says His Duties were Varied.

This morning in the Summary Court, before Mr. Justice Kemp, R. J. Oudish, sued Mr. S. Mazarrilli to recover the sum of \$469 for services rendered by the plaintiff to the defendant from July 1912 until the end of March 1913.

Mr. R. C. Faithfull appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. W. B. Hind of Messrs. Bruton and Hatt for the defendant.

Mr. Faithfull said that the plaintiff was engaged by the defendant to manage the coffee bar at Lyemun Barracks at a salary of \$20 per month, but his duties became so varied and multifarious that he told the defendant that if he wanted him to stay he would have to pay him \$40 per month. The defendant said he would see that the plaintiff was satisfied and from that time on he seemed to have squeezed as much work as he possibly could out of the plaintiff, who was an elderly man, without giving any increase as had been promised.

The case was adjourned.

SPECIAL CABLES.

THE MONGOLIAN SITUATION.

CHINESE TROOPS REFUSE TO MARCH TO THE FRONT.

(Our Own Correspondent)

Shanghai, June 25.
The Mongolian situation is becoming worse, owing to the guerilla warfare being carried on by the Mongolians, and the tactics, incompetency and differences among the authorities.
The Chinese troops have refused to march to the front from Kalgan.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS

The Bank Note Impression Case.

At the Criminal Sessions this morning, the Chief Justice, Sir W. Rees Davies K.C., continued the hearing in which Anton Hauler, a Hungarian, was charged with being in possession of certain papers, and materials for the purpose of manufacturing resemblances to bank notes.

Prisoner pleaded not guilty.

The Hon. Attorney General, Mr. J. A. S. Bucknill, K.C. instructed Mr. Lewis of, Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master, prosecuted, and Mr. F. O. Jenkin, instructed by Mr. R. C. Faithfull, defended.

Mr. Shenton, of Messrs. Deacon, Looker, Deacon and Horston, watched the case on behalf of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.

The jury was empanelled as follows: Messrs. W.G.G. Worcester, H. F. Buros, T. Hill, E. W. White, A. R. Uchmann, J. H. Underwood and F. M. Garcia.

The duties of interpreter were undertaken by Miss K. Massey.

At yesterday's hearing Carl Weigal, who said he was formerly employed at the Dairy Farm and was waiting for the trial to end before proceeding to Shanghai, detailed interviews he had with the prisoner who wanted to show his process to a wealthy Chinese. Witness expressed doubts as to whether he could make the duplicate notes he said he was able to make, whereupon prisoner affirmed that he could, and to show his prowess split a \$5 bill through its thickness, making as it were two bills. He further said he had taken copies to the extent of \$19,500 at Singapore and over \$8,000 at Shanghai.

At a subsequent interview the prisoner asked if the witness had found a Chinese, and witness replying in the affirmative, said he would introduce him the next day. Prisoner gave witness \$25.50 and asked him to get it changed into Shanghai money, and also to purchase some oil of cloves. Witness did this and returned to the Grand Hotel. The prisoner put the oil of cloves in a plate and taking a \$10 note of the Netherlands Trading Society moistened it with the oil. He placed the note between two pieces of paper and rolled it all round a rubber tube. Witness here demonstrated how it was done. On the wash-stand was a marble top and using a beer bottle as a roller the prisoner applied great pressure to the india-rubber tube. He then took out the note and impressions of it were found on the enclosing slips of paper.

Describing the introduction to a Chinese named Lee Lum witness said the prisoner's name was given as Schwartz. All three went to 478 Queen's Road West and there the prisoner produced three bank note impressions.

The Attorney General:—What language did he speak to the Chinese?

Witness:—In English. He speaks better than I do.

The Attorney General:—In English!

Mr. Jenkin:—He has never favoured me, my Lord.

The prisoner smiled.

After showing the Chinese the banknote impressions, the prisoner tore them up remarking now I am all right, nobody can find something on me. He threw the pieces into a cuspidor. As they left the house, Lee went back to pay the bill for beer and as he was a long time away, witness went to look for him and found him secreting the pieces of bank note, which he had recovered from the cuspidor.

Returning to the Grand Hotel, the prisoner showed how to manufacture bank notes from the recovered impressions. The prisoner placed a piece of paper

into another chemical, and put it between two reverse impressions. This he placed in a book, and putting it under the carot applied weight by treading for twenty minutes, producing, later, a proper copy of the banknote from the book. The two reverse impressions had apparently practically disappeared.

The statement of the witness requiring some explanation it appeared, as the Attorney General remarked, that there was a trick within a trick. There was already a real note between paper in the book, and it was the real note that was produced to convince the Chinese. It was here pointed out that the back and front of the book were exactly the same.

Today's hearing showed that Lee, on examining the note, said he would try and pass it the next day. Prisoner asked Lee how many notes he would like to have copies taken, and Lee suggested \$5,000. Hauler said "It is not in my; you must bring more." He asked for 30 per cent commission, and it was arranged that witness should have 10 per cent.

Prisoner further said he wanted a special house for the work, a copy press, one or two tables, and a wash basin. On Monday, April 21, prisoner rang up witness on the telephone to know if he had seen Lee. Witness replied in the negative, and in response to further questions said that Lee was very interested in the process. An engagement was arranged for the evening of the 22nd. At 8 p.m. on April 22 witness and Lee went to prisoner's room at the Grand Hotel, where Lee expressed willingness to join in the business if prisoner would prove he could make Hongkong notes. Hauler replied "I can make any notes except the notes from the Russo-Chinese Bank." Hauler agreed to prove his ability to make Hongkong notes the next evening. On the 23rd, at 7 o'clock, the trio again met when Hauler said he could not do any work that evening because there were people in Macao ready to put up \$80,000. He said he would go to Macao and get that money, and come back and have \$7,000 off Lee. This he said to witness in German, but to Lee he said he was going to Formosa. He was after he had shown Lee some more impressions that Inspector Watt and other detectives entered the room. Prisoner was arrested.

Witness said he had never seen the prisoner make a positive impression from the first transfer. He never saw a bogus note made, prisoner remarking that it was too hard work, because everything had to be exact.

In cross-examination by Mr. Jenkin, witness said he gave information to the police on April 18. He did this after Mr. Bradbury had communicated with the police.

Inspector Watt told him to find out what prisoner did, and every thing he wanted witness was to agree to. On April 18 Inspector Watt introduced him to the police clerk Lee, who was to pretend to be a comrade. He never told Hauler that Lee was a member of the police, because they would not have found out what they wanted. Hauler was afraid to go out to buy the oil of cloves because people might see him, as he had done the same trick in Shanghai.

Witness again demonstrated how the impression was made. Mr. Jenkin:—Have you ever made these notes before?—Before the Government analyst and Inspector Watt.

No; on April 19?—No. Don't you think you are rather clever at it yourself?—You have seen me do it, and you can do it yourself.

I should not like to try. Questioned as to his antecedents, witness said he was for three years in the German army at Tangier. Leaving the army, he was em-

ployed there by Dr. Koch, and had spent one year in prison. Mr. Jenkin:—Was that for rolling bank notes?—No. Had it anything to do with money?—He trusted me with some money.

Mr. Jenkin:—I don't wish to pain you.

Witness:—I am very sorry.

His Lordship:—You are perfectly justified, Mr. Jenkin.

Mr. Jenkin:—And you misappropriated it for your own use?—Yes.

Did you tell Mr. Watt that when he instructed you to watch Hauler?—I never told anybody.

Witness said he had never seen Hauler take anything but first impressions. He had never seen him make a complete bogus note.

At this juncture a juror, who was obviously unwell, was excused, and the trial proceeded with six jurors.

Referring to the book and bank note trick, witness said that both he and Lee knew it was a trick, but Hauler did not think Lee knew. He told Hauler that he had been engaged in a dangerous business, in revolvers morphia and cocaine, in which Lee had been associated; but it was not true.

Lee, one of the clerks at the Cent at Police Station, said that acting under Inspector Watt he met Weigal and then went to Cafe Weismann where they met the prisoner told him he could make two false notes from each genuine one. Witness told him he wanted \$5,000 worth of notes made in denominations of \$5, \$10 and \$50.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per s.s. Korea, arrived 25th inst., from San Francisco, &c.:—
Barlow, Mrs. J. Miller, F. R. A. Parrish Dr. R. Barlow, Miss I. Rocher, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. J. B. Rolpes, H. C. Chin, Yick Pan Smith, V. M. Davis, Miss E. Smith, Mrs. V. Darach, Mrs. Seid, J. J. M. Van Wezel, J. Darach, M. Ward, Miss G. Gordon Foyd Wong Wing Ganda, J. W. Ho Fung Chow Young, C. M. Harris, K. Young, L. A. Jay Madden.

Per s.s. Prinz Eitel Friedrich, arrived 25th inst., from Bremen, &c.:—
Bollander, W. Luncke, P. Betts, Mrs. O. Lindorfer, H. M. Meybohm, H. Dalgahl, Tos. Frida, Mrs. T. Gierlinger, T. de Hellmann, O. Rayne, F. W. Hillebrecht, Dr. Schimmer, F. W. Hubrecht, P. T. Silva, Rev. S. Hess, A. M. A. da Huos, Rev. T. Turner Keeler, Miss E. Tschundin, G. S. Weber, P. Koch, W. Walshe, Dr.

To-day's Advertisement

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "KOREA,"
FROM SAN FRANCISCO, JAPAN
PORTS & SHANGHAI.

The above mentioned vessel having arrived Consignees of cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature and take immediate delivery of cargo from alongside.

Cargo remaining undelivered Friday July 2nd 1913, at noon, will, in addition to landing charges be subject to storage charges.

No fire insurance whatever will be effected.

All chafed and otherwise damaged cargo will be examined at the above Company's godown Tuesday July 1st, 1913, at 10 a.m.

No claims will be entertained unless accompanied by short delivery note or list of exceptions taken at the time of delivery to consignees and signed for and on behalf of the Pacific Mail S.S. Co.

All claims must be filed on or before July 20th 1913, otherwise they will not be recognized.

O. H. RITTER, Acting Agent.
Hongkong, 24th June, 1913. [483]

Notice

MACKINTOSH & CO., LTD.

"MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS"

16, DES VŒUX ROAD.

(TELEPHONE No. 29.)

"PEGAMOID"

WATERPROOFS

and SOU'WESTERS.

LIGHT WEIGHT

OILSKINS.

ANDERSON'S

WATERPROOFS.

UMBRELLAS: GOLOSHES.

MACKINTOSH & CO., LTD.

To-day's Advertisements.

BEAR BRAND MILK.

NATURAL SWISS MILK

STERILISED.

This Milk once opened, keeps longer than ordinary Milk and can be used for any purpose for which ordinary Cows' Milk is generally used.

SOLE AGENTS.

F. BLACKHEAD & CO.,

ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING.

To-day's Advertisements

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From SHANGHAI KOBE and MOJI.

THE Steamship
"GREGORY APCAR,"
having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their goods will be delivered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at consignees' risk and expense into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company Limited.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.

DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.
Agents
Hongkong, 24th June, 1913. [481]

"INDRA" LINE LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From NEW YORK via
SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"INDRAGHIRI,"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 1st July at 6 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined on 1st July at 9.30 a.m. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.
Agents.
Hongkong, 24th June, 1913. [488]

To-day's Advertisements

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

"S.S. PERSIA,"
FROM SAN FRANCISCO, JAPAN
PORTS AND MANILA.

The above mentioned vessel having arrived Consignees of cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature and take immediate delivery of cargo from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at consignees' risk and expense.

Cargo remaining undelivered Tuesday July 1st 1913, at noon will, in addition to landing charges, be subject to storage charges.

No fire insurance whatever will be effected.

All chafed and otherwise damaged cargo will be examined at the above Company's godown MONDAY 30th June, 1913, at 10 a.m.

No claims will be entertained unless accompanied by short delivery note or list of exceptions taken at the time of delivery to consignees and signed for and on behalf of the Pacific Mail S. S. Co.

All claims must be filed on or before July 24th, 1913, otherwise they will not be recognized.

O. H. RITTER, Acting Agent
Hongkong, 24th June, 1913. [480]

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.
IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

For Shanghai, TIENTSIN, Kobe and Yokohama.

THE Steamship

"PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH,"
Capt. E. Malchow, will leave for the above ports TO-MORROW, Thursday, the 26th inst., at 10 a.m.

For further particulars, apply to
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.
Agents.
Hongkong, 24th June, 1913. [488]

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Something Good.

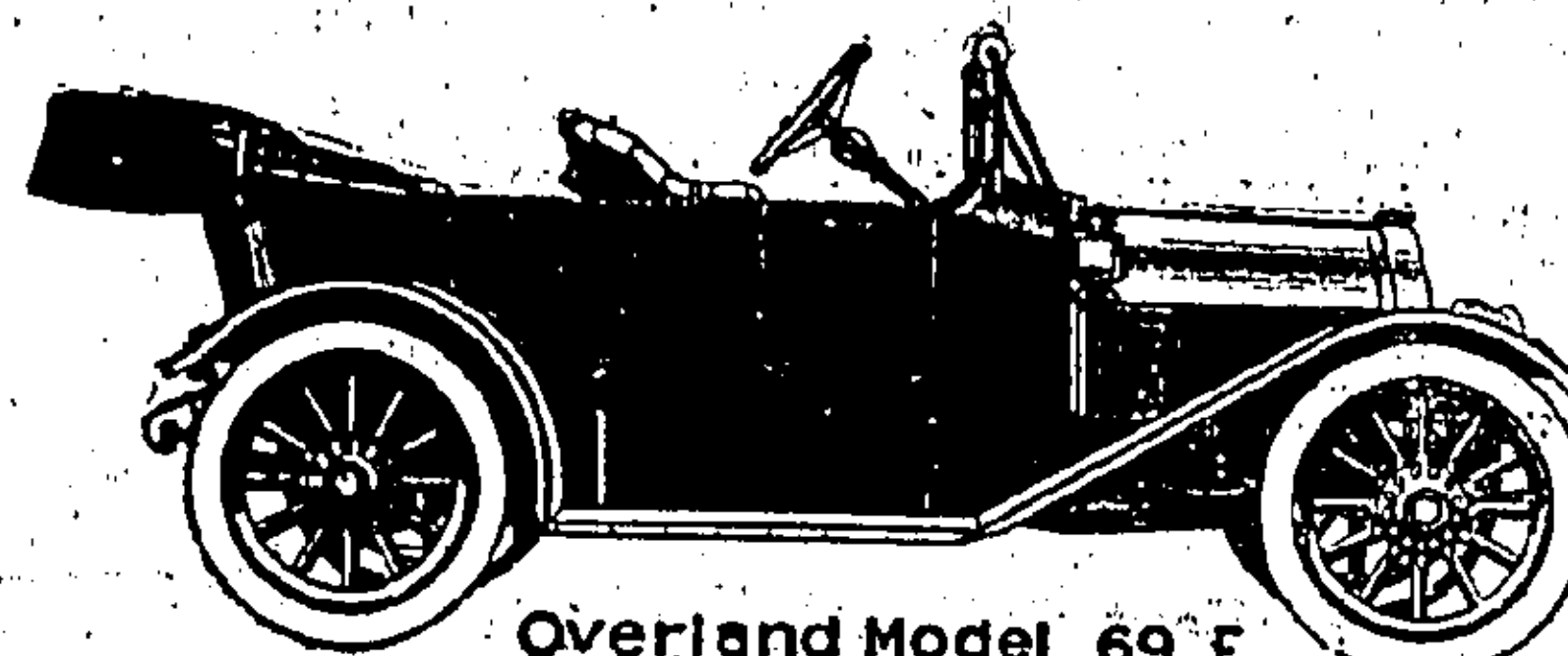
HAVE YOU TRIED OUR

Farmer's Sugar Cured Bacon?

IT IS PRONOUNCED BY ALL WHO HAVE TRIED
TO BE ABSOLUTELY THE BEST IN THE COLONY

Prove It For Yourself.

WE HAVE TRIED IT AND CAN RECOMMEND IT.
SLICED BY A PATENT SLICING MACHINE IN
RASHERS OF ANY THICKNESS, EXACTLY
AS WANTED.



Overland Model 69 F

10 OVERLANDS WILL ARRIVE SHORTLY.
Sole Agents.

DRAGON CYCLE DEPOT.

(Prospective Buyers can try this Car free of charge.)

DRESSING JACKETS

IN

SILK AND COTTON

VARIOUS DESIGNS AND COLOURS.

MEHTA & CO.

SILK MERCHANTS.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS.

EVERYONE INTENDING TO FURNISH

EITHER A SINGLE ROOM OR AN

ENTIRE HOUSE AND WHO

WISHES TO OBTAIN:

BEAUTY OF DESIGN

AND

SOUND CONSTRUCTION

SHOULD AT ONCE COMMUNICATE WITH

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

CABINETMAKERS

AND UPHOLSTERERS



"KING GEORGE IV"

Scotch Whisky

Its world-wide popularity is due to its
mature ripeness, soft refinement, and
exquisite flavour.

One of the principal brands of Scotch Whisky.

THE DISTILLERS COMPANY LIMITED,
Edinburgh, Scotland.

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61, No. 138
6, Queen's Road, Central
Hongkong

Telegraphic Address:—"TAIKOODOCK."
TELEPHONE No. 212.

HOTEL LISTS.

Hongkong Hotel.	
Aaron, J. M.	Lawrence, S.
Anderson, A. M.	H. H.
Baband, O.	Lieber, Mr. and
Barborini, E. T.	Mrs. E.
Baring, M.	Lloyd, G. T.
Baring, Miss L.	Lobb, Dr. E. L.
Bate, R. B.	M.
Beilios, Mrs. E.	MacIntyre, Mr.
R.	and Mrs. Nell
Bana, G. A.	Melke, Mr. and
Batag, F.	Mrs.
Batag, G. von	Martin, G.
Broen, Miss F.	Mason, C. Fare-
van	brother
Brown, R.	Matheson, Miss
Buhle, E.	M.
Cambridge, A. J.	Matheson, Mrs.
Chockman, Jue	R. T.
Claxton, A. A.	Maxsted, Capt.
Cowen, Mrs. W.	H. R.
F.	McKean, Dr. G.
Gox, R.	W.
Crookery, Miss F.	McKenny, Dr.
Davis, O. H.	C. W. & Mrs.
Defer, O.	Mehta, B. K.
Derteano, Mr. &	Mereski, J.
Mrs. & 2 child-	Moulder, A. B.
ren.	Mulder, J. D. F.
Dewar, J.	Newman, E.
Diebitsch, C. von	Nichols, M. C.
Doran, Mr. and	O'Leary, Miss
Mrs.	G.
Douglas, Mrs. R.	Ormlston, J.
H.	Ossenbeck, H.
Dowley, W. A.	J.
Ehrenfels, Mr. &	Posun, Mrs.
Mrs. H. O.	Price, H. E.
Farrell, E. H.	Ray, E. H.
Fisher, H. G.	Robinson, W.
Fischer, W. E.	V.
Geare, Mr. and	Rock, A. L.
Mrs. I. H.	Reay, Miss
Glortsen, G.	F.
Gillespie, Dr. J.	Schlettwein, A.
M.	Sibley, J. C.
Gordon, A. G.	Singer, E. T.
Goulbourn, V.	Smith, Mr. and
Gould, Mr. J.	Mrs. E. E.
Gourgey, I.	Sorby, V.
Greissamer, G.	Spiro, S.
Grigogono, P. O.	Square, Miss.
Von.	Sun Chong
Grone, G. W.	Sun Yat-sen;
Hanna, Dr. J. G.	Dr.
Harbord, W. T.	Tapp, J. R.
Herzl, A.	Thompson, Mr.
Hewett, Fon. Mr.	& Mrs. H. A.
E. A., O.M.G.	Thompson, L.
N.	
Holgate, H.	Webb, Mr. and
Innes, Capt. R.	Mrs. B.
Judah, Mrs. A.	Weidler, W. E.
N. E.	White, F. W.
Kabel, E. S.	White, H. P.
Kadoorie, Ellis	Wood, G. G.
Krusman, A.	Wood, Miss
Kubity, Dr.	Zeisler, J.
Craigieburn.	
Caldwell, Mr.	McCaig, J.
Caldwell, Miss	Reynaud, Ma-
Carpenter, Mr.	dame & mon-
and Mrs.	sieur
Cornell, W. A.	Smith, Mrs. G.
Kydd, Mr. and	Smith, E. G.
Mrs.	Wood, E. M.
Galbraith, V.	M.

Consignee

FROM EUROPE.
THE H. A. L. Steamship
"C. FERD. LAEISZ."
Captain Geisel, having arrived,
Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed
that their goods are being landed and
placed at their risk in the hazardous
and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and
Godown Company, Limited, whence
delivery may be obtained against Bills
of Lading countersigned by the Under-
signed.
Optional Cargo will be carried on
unless notice to the contrary be given
to-day.
All claims must be presented within 10
days of the steamer's arrival here, after
which date they cannot be recognized.
No claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Godowns, and all
Goods remaining undelivered after the
27th inst. will be subject to rent.
All broken, chafed, and damaged
Goods must be left in the Godowns,
where they will be examined on the 27th
inst. at 9.30 a.m.
No Fire Insurance will be effected by
us in any case whatever.
This steamer brings on Cargo:—
Ex S.S. "Fai" from Abus
"Fai" from Stettin
"Goteborg" from Goteborg
HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE
Hongkong Office.
Hongkong 21st June, 1913. [388]

Consignees

"SHIRE" LINE OF
STEAMERS, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From EUROPE, COLOMBO
and STRAITS.
THE Steamship

"MONMOUTHSHIRE,"
having arrived from the above Ports,
Consignees of cargo by her are hereby
informed that all goods are being land-
ed at their risk into the hazardous and/
or extra hazardous Godowns of the
Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and God-
own Company, Limited, whence, and/
or from the wharves, delivery may be
obtained.
Goods not cleared by the 27th inst.
at noon will be subject to rent.
All broken, chafed and damaged
packages are to be left in the Godowns
where they will be examined on 28th inst.
at 10 a.m. Claims against the steam-
er must be presented within 10 days
of arrival otherwise they will not be
recognized.
No Fire Insurance will be effected
by us in any case whatever.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned
by

JARDINE, MATHESON &
CO., LTD.
Agents.
Hongkong, 20th June, 1913. [371]

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVA-
TION COMPANY, LTD.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG
and SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"HOP3ANG,"
having arrived from the above Ports
Consignees of cargo by her are hereby
informed that their goods will be
delivered from along side.

Cargo impeding the discharge or re-
maining on board after 4 p.m. the 23rd
inst. will be landed at Consignee's risk
and expense.
No Fire Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned
by

JARDINE, MATHESON
& CO., LTD.
General Managers.
Hongkong, 20th June, 1913. [258]

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD
BREMER.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL
LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"COBLENZ,"
having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are
hereby informed that their Goods, with
the exception of Opium, Treasure and
Valuables, are being landed and stored
at their risk into the hazardous and/or
extra hazardous Godowns of the Hong-
kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown
Company, Limited, Kowloon, and
West Point Godowns, whence delivery
may be obtained.
Optional Cargo will be forwarded on
unless intimation is received from the
Consignees before noon to-day request-
ing it to be landed here.
No claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Godowns, and all
goods remaining undelivered after the
29th of June, will be subject to rent.
All broken, chafed, and damaged
Goods are to be left in the Godowns,
where they will be examined on the
20th of June, at 9.30 a.m.
All claims must reach us before the
6th of July, 1913, or they will not be
recognized.
No Fire Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned
by the undersigned.
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD,
MELOERS & CO.
Gone si Agents.
Hongkong, 23rd June 1913. [379]

To Sail

AMERICAN ASIATIC S.S. CO.
Hongkong-Boston
& New York.



FOR BOSION & NEW YORK VIA
PORTS & SUEZ CANAL.
(With liberty to call at the Malabar
Coast)
S.S. "INDRA SAM" on or about
14th July.
For freight and further information,
apply to
SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Agents.
Hongkong, June, 23rd 1913. [349]



Skin diseases

so as Prickly Heat
Furunculosis
Ringworm
Frambösia etc

are prevented or rapidly
cured by
Bayer's
Afridol Soap

THE BAYER

To Sail

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG
AND CALCUTTA.

(Taking cargo on Through Bills of
Lading to Rangoon, Madras,
and Mauritius.)
THE Steamship

"GREGORY APCAR,"
Capt. J. E. Drake, will be despatched
for the above ports, on Saturday, the
28th inst., at 3 p.m.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DAVID SABSOON & CO., LTD.
Agents.
Hongkong, 21st June, 1913. [392]

"INDRA" LINE, LIMITED.

For BOSION & NEW YORK.

THE Steamship

"INDRAKUALA"
Capt. J. H. Smith will be despatched
as above on 23rd inst.
This Steamer has superior accom-
modation for a limited number of saloon
passengers.
For freight or passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON
AND CO., LTD.
Agents.
Hongkong 10th June, 1913. [146]

Regular Steamship Service

With Liberty to call at the
Malabar Coast.
Proposed Sailing From Hongkong.

FOR NEW YORK.
S.S. "WEAY" on or about
"CASTLE" 3rd July.
For Freight and further information,
apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
Agents.
Hongkong, 10th June, 1913. [393]

FOR MIKE, KOBE
AND MOJI

THE Steamship

"JELUNGA,"
Capt. J. B. O'Sullivan will be des-
patched for the above ports, on TUES-
DAY, the 1st July, at 3 p.m.
The Steamer has superior accommo-
dation for passengers, is installed
throughout with Electric Light and
carries a duly certified doctor.
Return tickets are available by the
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s
Steamers. Fare for round trip \$120
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DAVID SABSOON & CO., LTD.
Agents.
Hongkong, 24th July, 1913. [307]

To Sail

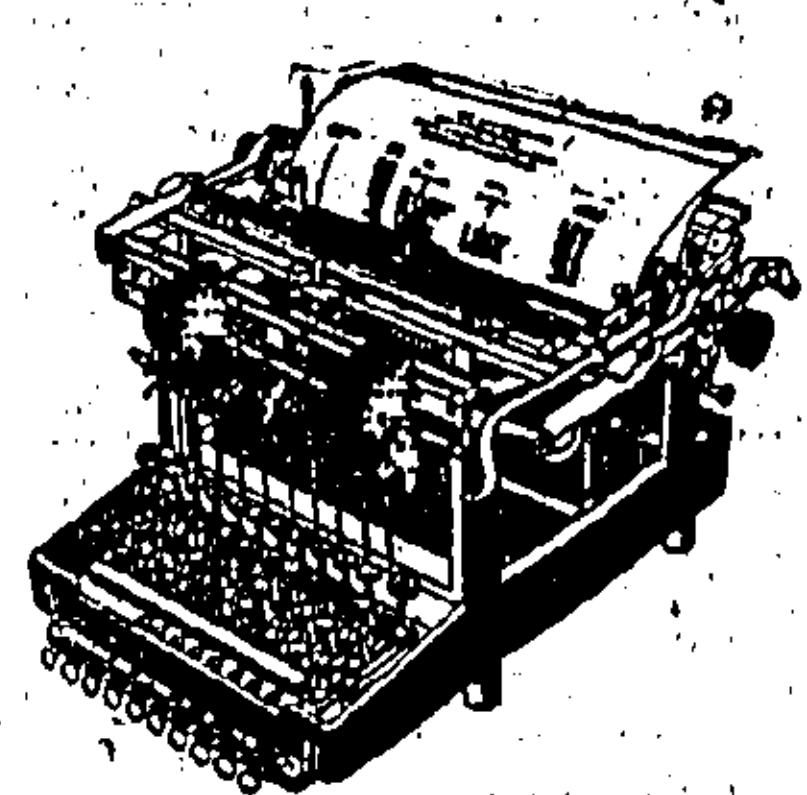
FOR CALCUTTA, PENANG
& SINGAPORE.

(Taking cargo on Through Bills of
Lading to Madras and Mauritius).

THE Steamship

"DILWARA,"
Capt. G. N. Ramo, R.N.R., will be
despatched for the above ports on
Tuesday, the 1st July, at 3 p.m.
For Freight or Passage apply to
DAVID SABSOON & CO., LTD.
Agents.
Hongkong, 24th June 1913 [397]

Notices

THE
REMINGTON
TYPEWRITER

WE know of no better argument to convince
you of the superiority of the Remington
Typewriter than to allow it to place one in your
Office in order that you may compare it to every
other typewriter.
No argument we can think of, is as convincing as
the Machine itself.

Will you test one free for one
week?

If so, when please?

If you want to write ordinary
letters, ask for MODEL 10.

If it is for tabulator work, ask
for MODEL 11.

If you want to Add and Sub-
tract as well as write, ask for the
Remington Wahl.

N.B.—Please write, and return of post will bring
you free of charge an illustrated booklet "Touch
Method Typewriter Instruction," invaluable to
all using a typewriting machine.

SIEMSEN & CO.

Sole Agents for
HONGKONG, CANTON,
SOUTH CHINA and FORMOSA

WING KEE & CO.

47-49, Connaught Rd.

SHIPCHANDLERS

PROVISION & COAL

MERCHANTS

Hongkong, 25th May, 1913.

Notice

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT
COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

General Managers.
Hongkong, 16th August, 1901

SERVICE MATTERS.

The King and the New Rifle.

Quite the feature of the Royal
visit to Aldershot on May 12 was
the inspection by His Majesty of
the new rifle and its companion,
the new machine gun, which are
being issued to the British Army.
The high importance of these
equipments needs no emphasiz-
ing, says the "Globe." Their
efficiency was demonstrated ab-
solutely in the practice. The
new service rifle is slightly
longer than the arm at present in
general use, and one of its main
features is the aperture sight.
Some 200 have already been
issued to the Suffolks, the Man-
sters, and the 5th Dragoons, but
the men have not had a great
deal of practice with it. The
King, who is reputed to be almost
as good a shot with the rifle as
he is with the sporting gun, ex-
amined the new arm, opening
the breech and pointing the barrel
upward to inspect its rifling. In
an interesting description of the
scenes at the built the corres-
pondent of the "Morning Post"
says: "The Suffolks men soon got
to work, firing at iron plates
placed on the Al range several
hundred yards away, and they
soon had a riddling fusillade on
the targets. The men were not
picked marksmen, being just
steady average shots, but it be-
came evident to all spectators with
a knowledge of marksmanship that
the new rifle is a smooth-working
weapon which can be operated
with great rapidity. There was
none of the ugly kick which is
seen with the present short rifle,
and the bullet does not leave the
rifle with the violence associated
with the present pattern. The
reason is that the barrel of the
new arm has length sufficient to
use up the gases so that the bul-
let obtains a smooth delivery
without any flash. As it is still
an experimental and confidential
pattern, no detailed description
ought to be given beyond stating
that it has the aperture sight
which enabled the Americans to

Notices

SHOPPING MADE EASY.

THE STORE FOR EVERYONE

The Queen's Road Central Co.
AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.
UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS

ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES:
HIGH CLASS TAILORS & EXPERIENCED CUTTERS.
Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

THE ONE PRICE STORE.

HIGH STANDARD OF QUALITY.
CHEAPEST STORE IN THE EAST.
Queen's Road, Central: The Old Sze ems Court. Telephone 1450

THE EASTERN BAZAAR,
(W. ASSOUMAL & CO.),

LATE OF 10 D'AQUILAR STREET, HAVE NOW REMOVED TO
MORE COMMODIOUS PREMISES SITUATE AT NO. 35,
QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL. ADDITION TO OUR
SILKS WE HAVE OPENED UP AN ENTIRELY
NEW LINE IN VARIOUS KINDS OF
JEWELLERY.

KINETOPHONE

EDISON'S LATEST INVENTION.

MOTION PICTURES. TALKING PICTURES

TERRITORIAL RIGHTS

AND

KINETOPHONES

ON LEASE ONLY.

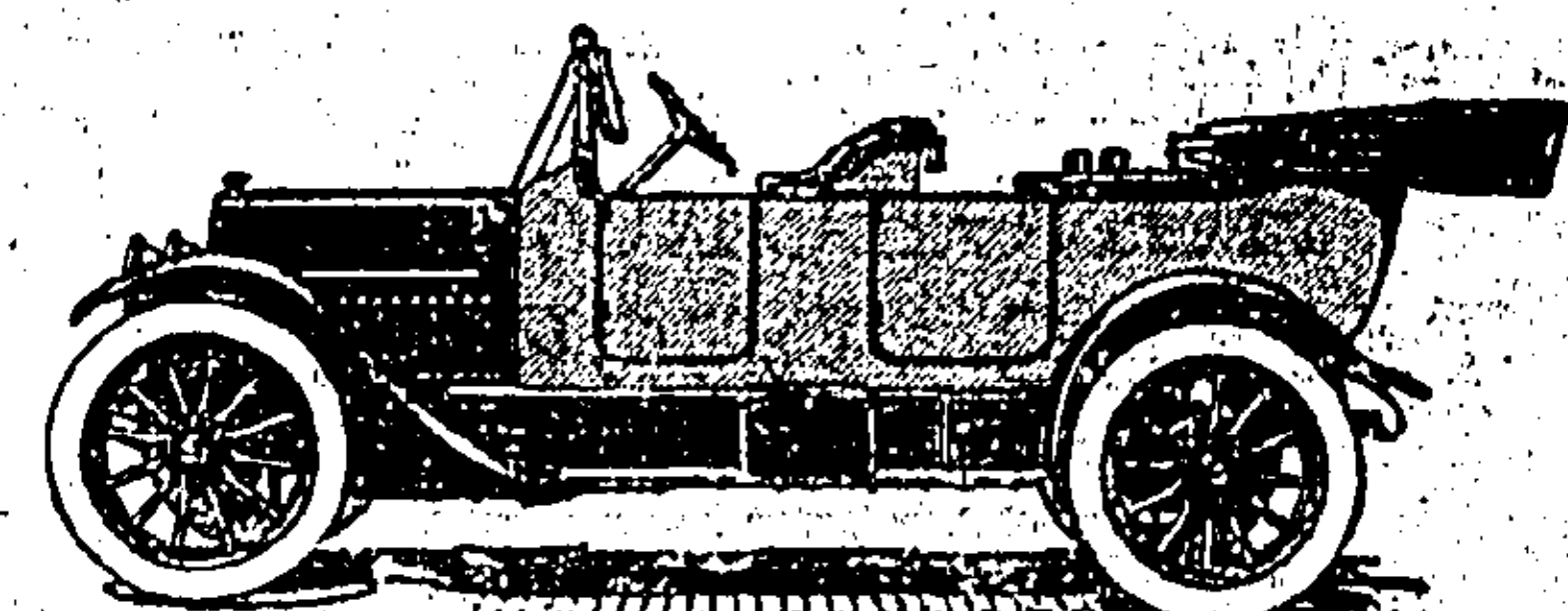
SOLE RIGHTS FOR CHINA
INDIA, AND THE PHILIPPINES

HELD BY

THE EDISON KINETOPHONE AGENCY,

P.O. BOX 225.

Cable Address: KINETOPHON.



LAW & Studebaker No. 3 Duddell St.
SONS. Sole Agents.

JUST ARRIVED.

Large Consignment Best Turkish Cigarettes,

M. C. C.

In Tins of 100, 50 and 20.

Cork Tipped, Gold Tipped and Plain.

TURCO-EGYPTIAN

TOBACCO STORE.

LAST DAY
CHEAP SALE

OF

JAPANESE CURIOS,

NIKKO & CO.

11, D'AQUILAR STREET.

best us in competitions at Blaisy
in the early nineties, and which
was at that time thought to be
only a target and not a war rifle.
However, this sight is now on the
new rifle, and is placed behind
the breech, being so close to the
firer's eye that a long radius of
sight is obtained, and aiming is au-
tomatic in the sense that the soldier
has only one sight to bother with.
In other words, he looks through
the peephole in the back sight bar
in automatic fashion, and has only
to hold the foresight steady on the
object. There is no alignment
of the backsight, foresight, and
object to be made, and this will
enormously aid recruit training.
The old fault of the weak breech
has been attended to, and the
strong Mauser mechanism will
allow the most powerful ammuni-
tion to be fired. In fact, this is
the main reason why we need a
new rifle, as the present one is
not equal to the foreign ones in
velocities obtained.

COMMERCIAL.

London Rubber Market.

The East Asiatic Company's Daily Report June 17 says—The market in London yesterday was very quiet. The closing prices were—

Hard Fine Para Sp... 3/04
Forward... 3/8
First latex crop, delivery next three months... 3/

Ulu Piah Output.

The output from Ulu Piah Company's mine for May was 500.83 pounds which realised \$38.045 05.

Raub Output.

The following was the result of crushing operations at Raub for the four weeks ended June 14:—Bukit Komar: stone crushed 3,845 tons, gold obtained 591 ozs., average per ton 2,800 dwts. Bukit Malacca: stone crushed 3,610 tons, gold obtained 300 ozs., average per ton 1,882 dwts.

Selangor River Rubber Co. Presiding at the meeting of the Selangor River Rubber Estate Co., Mr. Wickwar said it was hoped to gradually connect up the four divisions of the estate. This would probably cost £20,000, and it was proposed to meet this expenditure by setting aside a sum out of revenue account and making small issues from time to time. When the property was in full bearing it was estimated to produce 720,000 lbs. of dry rubber annually, and this production at a net profit of 61 per lb. would bring them from 35 to 37 per cent. The outlook was satisfactory, and the estate was in a good state of cultivation.

The Linggi Report.

The report of the Linggi Plantations, Limited, states that, as stated at the last annual general meeting, the company during the year acquired from the Mantin Rubber Company, Limited, an estate consisting of 1,201.75 acres of which 970.05 acres were planted with rubber. Including this estate, the total acreage is as follows:—Cultivated with Hevea rubber, 6,254 acres; to be felled, cleared and planted during 1913, 10,890 acres; reserve land, 5,418 acres. The total crop harvested during the year to December 31 amounted to 1,156,344 lbs., against an estimate of 1,164,800 lbs. The average gross realised price was 4s. 3.12d. Cost of production f.o.b. was 1s. 5.30d. The corresponding figure for the preceding year was 1s. 3.85d. per lb. With the addition of directors' fees, office expenses in London, depreciation, commission to staff, freight, insurance and all sale charges, the total cost amounts to 1s. 11.59d. The total cost for the preceding year was 1s. 10.86d. per lb. Under the new system of tapping, and with a continuation of the present improved management, costs are being gradually reduced. The estimated output for the year 1913 is 1,125,000 lbs. The profit for the year amounted to £147,814, to which has been added the balance carried forward from 1911, £4,080, together making £151,893. After deducting the following dividends paid:—Dividend on preference shares for the year 1912, £700; first interim dividend of 33½ per cent. on the ordinary shares, paid July 31, 1912, £33,333; second interim dividend of 33½ per cent. on the ordinary shares, paid October 8, 1912, £33,333; third interim dividend of 33½ per cent. on the ordinary shares, paid January 10, 1913, £33,333; there remains a balance of £51,183 which the directors recommend should be dealt with as follows:—Payment of a final dividend of 43½ per cent. making a total distribution for the year 1912 of 143½ per cent., £43,750; special remuneration due to the directors under article 98, £1,500; leaving to be carried forward, £5,933.

Silk Delivery.

The silk shipment ex O. S. K. steamer Chicago Maru which sailed hence on the 17th May p.m. was delivered in New York on the 21st inst. a.d.

Death of a Renowned Skipper. Captain George George Anthony, who in 1876 carried off six Fenian prisoners from the Fremantle gaol and brought them to America in the whaling ship Catalpa, died at New York on May 23.

Entertainments

LOCATION:-CAUSEWAY BAY HIPPODROME CIRCUS.

LAST 4 NIGHTS

OUR FOURTH PROGRAMME TO-NIGHT at 9.15 Sharp.

THURSDAY V NING, JUNE 26TH RIDING COMPETITION.

\$50.00 will be given to any Competitor Standing on his feet on the Pad aided by the mechanic, and \$10.00 to the competitor making the best attempt. Rule: All competitors must keep their hands clear of the mechanic rope.

Last Matinee Wed & Sat, June 25th and 28th. For full particulars see our daily Hand-Bills.

Special Late Tram after each Performance.

Box Plan at ROBINSON PIANO Co., Ltd.

COL. BOB LOVE, Touring Manager

VICTORIA THEATRE.

9.15 To-Night To-Night 9.15

ALL NEW PICTURES INCLUDING

THE MOST COMIC FILMS

"SPOONY SAM"

"BERTIE'S WOOING & Mr DOOLEY'S HOLIDAYS"

Miss NORA MOORE

(in her charming Songs)

THE MAGNIFICENT FILM OF THE POPULAR PLAY

"THE MERRY WIDOW"

ON FRIDAY 27th June

THE GREAT SPECTACULAR FILM

"THE MIRACLE"

NEXT WEEK

BIJOU SCENIC THEATRE.

Twice Weekly Twice Weekly

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

SPLENDID NEW PICTURES

DON'T FAIL TO SEE

MISS CH'INITA Z REGA

The World-renowned Classical Dancer who has performed before the Crowned Heads of Europe.

THIS EVENING AT 9.15 P.M.

NEW PICTURES NIGHTLY.

Notices

A GENERAL FAVOURITE

BOTH IN THE KITCHEN AND DINING ROOM.

MILKMAID

STERILIZED

NATURAL

MILK



Plases Everybody because it is Reliable. It is Pure, Rich, fresh Milk, preserved only by the process of Sterilization, but NOT CONDENSED. Obtainable at all stores: packed in two sizes.

LESSONS IN CHINESE.

MR LI HON FAN, a Chinese graduate versed in literature, has been a teacher to European officials and merchants in this Colony for over ten years.

He has a good method of training Europeans to pass in the Chinese examination, and is possessed of a first rate certificate as a Chinese teacher. He has also a good knowledge of Mandarin and Hakka.

Those who intend learning the Chinese language are requested to write care of "Hongkong Telegraph" office or direct to 87 Hollywood Road, 1st floor Hongkong, 25th Jan. 1913. (1)

KELLY & WALSH, LTD.

An Invaluable Work of Reference

THE CHINA

YEAR BOOK 1913.

\$7.50

New Edition THE TRADE & ADMINISTRATION OF CHINA.

By H. B. Morse \$6.00

Send For Our List of 1,000 COLONIAL NOVELS REDUCED from \$1.75 to 60 cents.

KELLY & WALSH LTD

Banks

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office: 60, Wall Street, New York

London Office: 1, Abchurch Lane, E.C. 4

BRANCHES:

Bombay Calcutta Canton Cebu Hankow Harbin Hongkong Kobe Lyons

Capital and Reserve \$7,000,000 (Gold)

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BANKING BUSINESS

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened on the same

TERMS RECEIVED. For one year at 4 1/2 per annum, or for shorter periods, at rates which may be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DRAFTS granted on all the principal cities in the world.

THE BANK'S CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT are available all over the world.

COMMERCIAL LETTERS OF CREDIT issued.

PURCHASE AND SALE of Stocks and Shares effected.

TRAVELLERS' CHECKS sold and cashed.

9, Queen's Road, Hongkong. Hongkong, 1st Nov., 1912

THE

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Authorised Capital Yen 48,000,000

Paid-up Capital " 30,000,000

Reserve Fund " 18,200,000

Head Office.—YOKOHAMA.

Branches: Agencies at

Antung-Hsien Nagasaki

Bombay Newchwang

Calcutta New York

Changchun Osaka

Dairen Peking

Fengtien Ryojun Port

Harbin (Arthur)

Hankow San Francisco

Honolulu Shanghai

Kobe Tientsin

Liao-Yang Tokyo

Lyons Los Angeles

Interest Allowed on Current Account.

Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.

EISHI ONO,

Manager. Hongkong, 31st Mar., 1913. [18]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

HEAD OFFICE.—LONDON.

Paid-up Capital £1,200,000

Reserve Fund £1,700,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors £1,200,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. S. HEWETT,

Acting Manager. Hongkong, 11th April, 1912. [22]

Notices

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

(Capital Paid up...£1,250,000.)

Loans on Mortgage of House Property, &c.

Goods received on Storage.

Advances made on Merchandise.

Loans made on the Provident System.

(Rates and Particulars on application.)

The Office of TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR OF WILLS, ATTORNEY, &c., Undertaken and Executed.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co. General Managers.

Hongkong, 19th March, 1908 [32]

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO. LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 A.M. to 8.00 A.M. Every 15 Min.

8.00 A.M. to 10.00 A.M. " 10 Min.

10.00 A.M. to 11.00 A.M. " 15 Min.

11.00 A.M. to 12.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

12.00 P.M. to 1.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

1.00 P.M. to 2.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

2.00 P.M. to 3.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

3.00 P.M. to 4.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

4.00 P.M. to 5.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

5.00 P.M. to 6.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

6.00 P.M. to 7.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

7.00 P.M. to 8.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

8.00 P.M. to 9.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

9.00 P.M. to 10.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

10.00 P.M. to 11.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

11.00 P.M. to 12.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

12.00 P.M. to 1.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

1.00 P.M. to 2.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

2.00 P.M. to 3.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

3.00 P.M. to 4.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

4.00 P.M. to 5.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

5.00 P.M. to 6.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

6.00 P.M. to 7.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

7.00 P.M. to 8.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

8.00 P.M. to 9.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

9.00 P.M. to 10.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

10.00 P.M. to 11.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

11.00 P.M. to 12.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

12.00 P.M. to 1.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

1.00 P.M. to 2.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

2.00 P.M. to 3.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

3.00 P.M. to 4.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

4.00 P.M. to 5.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

Banks

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid-up Capital \$15,000,000

RESERVE FUNDS:

Sterling £1,500,000 at 2/-

\$15,000,000

Silver 17,200,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors \$15,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

S. H. Dodwell, Esq.,—Chairman.

Hon. Mr. D. Landale,—Deputy

Chairman.

G. Friesland, Esq.

C. S. Gubbay, Esq.

P. H. Holyoak, Esq.

G. H. Laurens, Esq.

F. Lieb, Esq.

W. L. Fattenden, Esq.

J. A. Plummer, Esq.

Hon. Mr. E. S. Hallim.

H. A. Siebs, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:

Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

London Bankers—London

County and Westminster

Limited.

Hongkong—Interest Allowed.

On Current Account at the rate

of 2 per cent. per annum on the

daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 months, 2½ per cent. per

annum.

For 6 months, 3½ per cent. per

annum.

For 12 months, 4 per cent. per

annum.

N. J. STABB, Chief Manager.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK

THE Business of the above

Bank is conducted by the

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

BANKING CORPORATION.

Rules may be obtained on ap-

plication.

INTEREST on deposits is al-

lowed on the minimum monthly

balances at 3 Per Cent. per an-

num.

Depositors may transfer at their

option balances of \$100 or more

to the Hongkong and Shanghai

Bank to be placed on FIXED

DEPOSIT at 4 Per Cent. per an-

num.

For the Hongkong and Shang-

hai Banking Corporation,

N. J. STABB, Chief Manager.

DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE BANK.

Capital Fully

Paid-up...Sh. Tael 7,500,000

Head Office.—Shanghai.

Board of Directors.—Berlin.

Branches:

Berlin Calcutta Canton

Hamburg Hankow Kobe

Peking Singapore Tientsin

Tientsin Tsingtau Yokohama.

LONDON BANKERS:

Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Sons,

The Union of London and Smith's

Bank, Limited.

Deutsche Bank (Berlin), London

Agency.

Direction der Disconto Gesell-

schaft.

INTEREST allowed on Current

Account. DEPOSITS received

on terms which may be learned

on application. Every description

of Banking and Exchange busi-

ness transacted.

R. TIMMERSCHIEDT,

LOCAL SPORT.

BILLIARDS.

Hongkong Volunteer's cup.

Continuing in the final between the R.E. team and the B.G. A's to decide the winners of the cup for billiards presented by the Hongkong Volunteers, three very interesting games were played last evening at the Soldiers Club. The first game was between Sergeant Major Morgan and Gunner Jordan. The former proved quite up to the form he has shown throughout the season and while he did not make any good breaks he scored with a consistency which soon gave him the lead of his opponent who seemed to be unable to do anything right. The game ended in Sergeant Major Morgan winning by thirty nine, the score being 200-101.

In the second game Quartermaster Sergeant Collinge met Gunner Wetherall and a good game was the result. Collinge played some very pretty billiards and though his opponent gave him a good game he was never quite up to the form that the winners showed. Among Collinge's breaks were eight over ten with the highest of 28. Wetherall also showing up well in this respect with breaks of 10, 14, 12, 10, 14, and 11. The final scores were Quartermaster Sergeant Collinge 200 and Gunner Wetherall 171. Corporal Waldron of the R.E.s did not deserve to win his game with Bombardier Colmer if the form he showed in the early part of the game is any criterion. It may well be that he could not get settled down to his game for besides missing comparatively easy strokes he had the unfortunate knack of leaving a good position for his opponent. Colmer played carefully maintaining a lead over Waldron up to 120 but at this stage the latter improved considerably and making the running came out the winner by 200 to 181. The best breaks were Corporal Waldron 19 and 11, Bombardier Colmer 18. Colmer plays only an average game of billiards but brings off many brilliant shots which lead one to think that more positional playing would make him a player ranking high among the billiardists of the colony.

The full scores were.

R.G.A.	
Gun. Goodwin	200
Gun. Campbell	128
Sergt. Bennett	150
Gun. Jordan	181
Gun. Wetherall	171
Bombardier Colmer	181
991	
R.E.	
Corporal Carpenter	178
Sapper Cox	200
Sergt. Regan	200
Sergeant Major Morgan	200
Quartermaster	200
Sergt. Collinge	200
Corporal Waldron	200
1178	

Appointed to Straits Legislative Council.

The King has been pleased to approve of the reappointment of Mr. Robert Young to be an unofficial member of the Legislative Council of the Straits Settlements.

THE BEST THE BREWERS BREW.

Guinness' "Wheel" Brand Stout.

SAME AS SUPPLIED TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING. CAN BE HAD FROM ALL DEALERS.

Sole Agents for China.

H. RUTTONIEE & SON, 14, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

CIRCUS EMPLOYEE'S MISFORTUNE.

Loses the Sight of an Eye through an Airgun.

Before Mr. Hazeland at the Police Court, this morning, a Chinese of the better class was charged by Inspector McHardy with wantonly discharging a firearm to the common danger of the public.

The evidence was to the effect that a man named Halib Mohan Dutt, an employee at the Hippodrome circus, was shot in the eye by a slug from an air-gun.

Mr. L. D'Almada, who prosecuted, said that the injured man was a circus artist and was still in the hospital, being unable to appear before the Court. The complainant had one eye taken out and the other one was liable to be affected. He would therefore ask for an adjournment of the case, and would ask his Worship to increase the amount of bail in view of the circumstances.

His Worship observed that it might have been an accident.

Mr. D'Almada:—It was a very serious accident.

His Worship enquired as to the complainant's occupation.

Mr. D'Almada said he was a gymnast.

His Worship said that he understood that it was an accident. He could only consider the question of criminal negligence.

Mr. Grist, of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, who appeared for the defendant, said he was prepared to go on with the case. He did not know if the injured man's evidence was necessary.

Mr. D'Almada said it was absolutely necessary.

Mr. Grist said it was a question of whether the man could be guilty of a criminal act. Inspector Mc. Hardy said the wounded man was not a gymnast, but was a ticket collector at the door. The doctor had told him that the complainant would not lose the use of the other eye. The case was remanded for a week.

STOLEN ROPE.

Ninety Fathoms taken from a Steamer.

Mr. Melbourne granted a remand this morning in a case brought before him at the Police Court, in which a man was charged with stealing ninety fathoms of rope from the s.s. Consuelo whilst at anchor in Yaumati Bay.

It appears that three thieves went on board during the night and from the fore-castle head stole the rope which was valued at \$50. Sergeant Wills made enquiries and the defendant was arrested.

Defendant told the Court that he went with the others on board the Consuelo about midnight and after taking the rope they went back to the Yaumati Ferry Wharf. The other men then paid defendant \$4 as his share and dismissed him.

The case was remanded, the rope not being recovered.

BUNKERS

can be supplied at cheap rates.

SANDAKAN & SEBATTIK (British North Borneo).

At these ports steamers calling for bunker coal exclusively are exempt from all shipping dues and charges.

A. BUNE

POST OFFICE.

MAILS ARRIVED TO-DAY.

Siberian, s.s. Chonan. American, s.s. Korea. German, s.s. E. E. Friedrich.

MAILS VIA SIBERIA.

La 2nd June 7 June 23 June 23

MAILS DUE.

Canadian & Siberian, Empress of Japan, 26th inst. American, Armand Behic, 2nd prox.

The Chonan with the mail from London (via Siberia) of Friday, the 6th inst., is expected to arrive here to-day.

The Empress of Japan with the Canadian mail and mails from London via Siberia of Wednesday and Saturday the 4th and 7th inst., is due to arrive here tomorrow, at about 7 a.m.

The Armand Behic, with the American mail ex Shinyo Maru, is expected to arrive here on Monday the 2nd prox.

MAILS CLOSE.

Japan via Kobe—Per Tosa-maru, 26th June, 9 a.m.

Shanghai, North China and Japan via Kobe (Europe via Siberia)—Per Prinz Eitel Friedrich, 26th June, 9 a.m.

Fort Bayard, Haiphong & Pakhoi—Per Hongkong, 26th June, 10 a.m.

Shanghai—Per Kwongseang, 26th June, 11 a.m.

Swatow, Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin—Per Kueichow, 26th June, 11 a.m.

Japan via Moji—Per Hopsang, 26th June, 11 a.m.

Batavia, Cheribon, Tegal, Samarang and Sourabaya—Per Tjikini, 26th June, 1 p.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 26th June, 1.15 p.m.

Philippine Islands—Per Zafiro, 26th June, 3 p.m.

Shanghai and North China—Per Anhui, 26th June, 3 p.m.

Hoihow, Pakhoi and Tourane—Per Signal, 27th June, 8 a.m.

Hoihow, Pakhoi and Haiphong—Per Sungkang, 27th June, 9 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Hailan, 27th June, 10 a.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 27th June, 1.15 p.m.

Straits, Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya—Per Riojun, 27th June, 4 p.m.

Philippine Islands—Per Yuan-sang, 28th June, 1 p.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 28th June, 1.15 p.m.

Straits and India via Calcutta—Per G. Apear, 28th June, 2 p.m.

Shanghai, North China, Japan via Yokohama—Per E. Franz Ferdinand, 28th June, 4 p.m.

Shanghai, North China (Europe via Siberia)—Per Chonan, 28th June, 5 p.m.

Swatow—Per Haimun, 29th June, 9 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Haiyang, 1st July, 10 a.m.

Saigon, Straits, Ceylon, Adelaide, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseille (Late Letters 11 to Noon. Extra Postage 10 cents). (Letters posted in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail.)

Per Armand Behic, 1st July, 11 a.m.

Philippine Islands, Japan via Nagasaki, Canada, Honolulu, United States, and South America via San Francisco—Per Persia, 1st July, 11 a.m.

Japan via Mike and Kobe—Per Jelunga, 1st July, 2 p.m.

Straits and India via Calcutta—Per Dilwara, 1st July, 2 p.m.

Philippine Islands—Per Chinhua, 1st July, 3 p.m.

Formosa via Keelung, Shanghai, North China, Japan via Moji, Victoria, B.O., and Seattle—Per Sado-maru, 1st July, 3 p.m.

Straits and Ceylon—Mishima-maru, 1st July, 5 p.m.

Shanghai, North China, Japan via Nagasaki, United States, South America and Canada via Vancouver (Europe via Siberia)—Per Empress of Japan, 2nd July, 11 a.m.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Dania, Rus. s.s., 2,000, Dreimann 24th June—Vladivostok and Foochow 2nd June, Gen.—B. & Co.

Yushun, Chl. s.s., 1,097, Baines, 24th June—Tientsin via Chefoo 18th June, Gen.—C. M. S. N. Co.

Elger, Nor. s.s., 873, Fingalson, 24th June—Dalny, 17th June, Beans.—Kwong Mo Tai.

Scharnhorst, Ger. s.s., 3,388, Rehm, 24th June—Yokohama 14th June, Gen.—M. & Co.

Hong Wan I, Br. s.s., 3,060, Mason, 25th June—Singapore 30th June, Gen.—Joo Tek Sing.

Haitan, Br. s.s., 1,133, Roach, 25th June—Foochow, Amoy and Swatow 24th June—D. L. & Co.

Too Shin, Chl. s.s., 573, Hoeg, 25th June—Baiphong, Ballast.—Bune.

On Sang, Br. s.s., 1,474, Pickwell, 25th June—Saigon 20th June, Rice.—J. M. & Co.

Nubia, Br. s.s., 3,698, Fox, 25th June—Foochow 23rd June, Gen. P. & O. S. N. Co.

Korea, Am. s.s., 5,651, Nelson, 25th June—San Francisco 29th May, Gen.—F. M. Co.

Kwongseang, Br. s.s., 1,428, Birchard, 25th June—Canton 24th June, Gen.—J. M. & Co.

Kueichow, Br. s.s., 1,915, Forsyth, 25th June—Canton 24th June, Gen.—B. & S.

Anhui, Br. s.s., 1,354, Harris, 25th June—Canton 24th June, Gen.—B. & S.

Daigi Maru, Jap. s.s., 846, Tokushige, 25th June—Tamsui 22nd June, Gen.—O. S. K.

Kwanglee, Chl. s.s., 1,468, McArthur, 25th June—Shanghai 22nd June, Gen.—O. S. N. Co.

Sungkang, Br. s.s., 1,600, Robinson, 25th June—Haiphong, Pakhoi and Hoihow 24th June, Gen.—B. & S.

Cholsing, Ger. s.s., 1,020, Bruhn, 25th June—Bangkok 17th June, Rice.—B. & S.

Kyodo Maru, Jap. s.s., 1,219, Mirisaki, 25th June—Newchwang 18th June, Coal.—M. B. K.

Tientsin, Br. s.s., 1,317, Robertson, 25th June—Hong Kong 22nd June, Coal.—B. & S.

Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Ger. s.s., 4,812, Mundt, 25th June—Bremen and Singapore 21st June, Gen.—M. & Co.

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.

JUNE 24.

Panama-maru, for Victoria. Soshu-maru, for Anping. Hangchow, for Saigon.

JUNE 25.

Cheongshing, for Tientsin. Elger, for Canton. Scharnhorst, for Bremen. Haimun, for Swatow. Kyodo-maru, for Canton. Toan, for Iloilo. Yushun, for Canton. Nubia, for Antwerp. Taisan, for Shanghai. Hangchow, for Saigon. Scharnhorst, for Straits. Dania, for Straits.

DEPARTED.

JUNE 25.

Mandasan-maru, for Milke. Laomedon, for London. Panama-maru, for Victoria. Haimun, for Swatow. Soshu-maru, for Anping. Toan, for Iloilo. Yushun, for Canton. Nubia, for Antwerp. Taisan, for Shanghai. Hangchow, for Saigon. Scharnhorst, for Straits. Dania, for Straits.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per s.s. Yushun, arrived 24th inst., from Tientsin & Co.—Bailly, Mrs.

Per s.s. Scharnhorst, arrived 24th inst., from Yokohama:—Ellis, E. E. Sulgiss, Rev. & Michael, S. Mrs. Schaeffer, Mr. Mrs.

Per s.s. Nubia, arrived 25th inst., from Foochow:—Fowler, A. E. S. Park, Dr. and Grossmann, Mr. Mrs. G. W. and Mrs. Porter, Master Bayler, P. Philippo, A. A. Tanner, Miss A. Sargeant, F. J. McDowell, Mrs.

Oyster, Fresh, Fried or Stewed, Fishes, Haddocks, Kippers &c. ALEXANDRA CAFE.

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 25th at 10.45.—The northern depression is now central over Korea. The depression over the N. China Sea has filled up. Pressure has increased moderately over the central districts and decreased slightly in the north. It is highest in the neighbourhood of the Bonins.

Light or variable winds are indicated along the east coast of China, and moderate S.E. winds over the northern portion of the N. China Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.74 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW.

District. Forecast. S.E. to or variable winds, moderate; fair. Neighbourhood. The same as No. 1. 1 Hongkong and 2 Formosa Channel. The same as No. 1. 3 South coast of China between H.K. and Lamooks. The same as No. 1. 4 South coast of China between H.K. and Hainan. The same as No. 1. China Coast Meteorological Register. 25th June, a.m.

Station.	Hour.	Barometer.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Wind.	Force.	Weather.
Wootstock	7a	29.8758	—	—	—	0	c
Namuro	6a	29.85	—	—	—	1	—
Hakodate	—	29.87	—	—	—	2	—
Tokio	—	29.83	—	—	—	1	—
Koshi	—	29.82	—	—	—	1	—
Nagasaki	—	29.86	—	—	—	1	—
K'shima	—	29.92	—	—	—	1	—
Oshima	—	29.97	—	—	—	1	—
Naha	—	29.93	—	—	—	1	—
Ishijima	—	29.91	—	—	—	1	—
Bonin Is.	—	30.02	—	—	—	1	—
Chefoo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Whaiwei	—	29.8163	94	—	—	2	—
Hankow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ichang	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kiukiang	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Changsha	—	29.9165	—	—	—	1	b
Shanghai	—	29.8971	—	—	—	1	by
Gutzlaff	—	29.9278	—	—	—	—	—
Sharp P.	7a	29.9278	—	—	—	—	—
Amoy	6a	29.9079	82	—	—	1	c
Swatow	—	29.9376	90	—	—	—	—
Taihou	—	29.91	—	—	—	—	—
Tainan	—	29.93	—	—	—	2	—
Koshun	—	29.92	—	—	—	2	—
P'lores	—	29.87	—	—	—	6	—
Canton	9a	—	—	—	—	—	—
H'kong	6a	29.8976	91	—	—	—	—
Gap Rock	—	29.85	—	—	—	2	c
Macao	—	29.8776	—	—	—	1	of
Wuchow	9a	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pakhoi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hoihow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Phulien	6a	29.8273	—	—	—	2	or
Tourane	—	29.8381	—	—	—	—	—
C. St. J.	—	29.9177	—	—	—	2	b
Aparri	—	29.9475	—	—	—	2	o
Manila	—	29.9175	—	—	—	1	b
Legaspi	—	29.9375	—	—	—	—	—
Iloilo	9a	29.9382	—	—	—	1	or
Bacolod	—	—	—	—	—	1	or
Cebu	—	29.9484	—	—	—	1	c
Labuan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

T. F. Claxton, Director, Hongkong Observatory, June, 25. 1 Barometer, reduced to 32 degrees Fahrenheit on the level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths.

2 Temperature, in the shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.

3 Humidity, in percentage of saturation, the Humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100.

4 Direction of Wind, to two points.

5 Force of Wind, according to Beaufort Scale.

6 State of Weather, b blue sky, c detached cloud, d drizzling rain, f fog, g gloomy, h hail, i lightning, o overcast, p passing showers, q squally, r rain, s snow, t, thunder, v visibility, w dew wet, 0 Rain in inches, tenths and hundredths.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Previous.

Day On Date On Date

Barometer 29.72 29.81 29.85

Temperature 83 76 78

Humidity 85 96 95

Wind Direction SSW E

Force 3 1 0

Weather opq o cd

Rain 1.30

Highest open air Temperature on the 24th 76

Lowest 72

H.K. Observatory, 24th June, 1913.

TIDE TABLE.

23rd June to 29th June, 1913.

High Water Hong Kong Mean Time

Low Water Hong Kong Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time